Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. XXXV. NO 97 HONOLULU, H. I. TUESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1900 - SEMI WEEKLY WHOLE NO. 2204

Hawaiian Gazette,

SEMI-WEEKLY,

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

WALTER G. SMITH, EDITOR.

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MANY PRISONERS ARE ARRAIGNED

Pleas of not Guilty Entered In All Criminal Cases.

A number of the men indicted by the Grand Jury appeared in the Circuit Court yesterday and pleaded not guilty to the charge against them.

Ah Chong, accused of selling opium, was first on the list. A new indictment had been found against him, the old one being defective, and a plea of not guilty was entered. J. T. Dalton and Robertson & Wilder appeared for the man.

Ishi Kuguchi and Ishi Hozabro pleaded not guilty to charges of assault with a deadly weapon. They were represented by Atkinson & Judd.

Kane, accused of robbing a Chinese hack driver on the Tantalus road, appeared and Geo. D. Gear was appointed his attorney.

John Aiong was arraigned on a charge of cashing a forged teacher's warrant and pleaded not guilty. Kaulukou and Bilting represented him.

Kii, accused of burning cane fields, pleaded not guilty. Kaulukou and Bilting were his attorneys.

MRS. MINER WANTS DIVORCE.

Dr. Frank L. Miner was yesterday made defendant in a divorce suit brought by his wife Mrs. Rose Miner. Mrs. Miner accuses her husband of extreme cruelty and says that she fears for her life if she is compelled to live longer with him.

Shortly after the filing of the petition Judge Humphreys granted an injunction restraining Miner from committing any acts of violence upon his wife and from attempting to get possession of their seven-year-old child.

In her petition Mrs. Miner states that she was married to Dr. Miner in England in 1888, and that of late years he has frequently been guilty of gross cruelty to her. She instances many of the occasions when her husband has illtreated her and tells of one occasion when she was kicked by him.

She asks for divorce and custody of the child.

SUIT FOR LINCOLN BLOCK.

H. E. McIntyre has brought suit in the Circuit Court against E. C. Allen for an accounting as to the ownership of certain property on the mauka side of King street between Fort and Alakea streets.

The property in question contains the Lincoln block, and in his complaint McIntyre alleges that he obtained possession of it from Lincoln. Allen leased the block as the result of negotiations between himself and Lincoln.

McIntyre sues only for an accounting. Allen has had possession for two years and collected the rents.

SESSION OF FEDERAL COURT.

Three aliens applied for citizenship in the United States District Court yesterday and all were admitted by Judge Estes. They were M. A. Pinto of Portugal; Robert E. Lange of Prussia, and J. F. Dias of Portugal.

The greater portion of the remainder of the session of court was taken up in arguments on demurrer to the libel of the bark Empire by a number of the sailors. Judge Estes ordered briefs to be submitted and reserved decision.

Harry A. Baldwin, W. A. Kinney and R. F. Dole were admitted to practice in the Federal courts.

WANTS GUARDIAN APPOINTED.

Nancy K. Louis, the mother of Jonn Lot Kelani, has applied to the Circuit Court for the appointment of J. L. Kaulukou as guardian of the estate of the boy. The property consists of land in Aiea, Kalihiwai and Manoa valley in addition.

NO DECISIVE STROKE YET

Allies a Long Way From Peking.

CHINA MAY SUE FOR PEACE

(Continued on Page 8.)

ESCAPE DEATH BUT NARROWLY

Men of God Tell of Dragon's Hate.

MISSIONARY PARTY HERE ON THE CHINA

Remarkable Friendship of Certain Chinese Officials Related.

Lucidly and pathetic to far some time yet to become a witness to the passing from the Orient to the Occident of hundreds of missionaries who are fleeing from the storm of hatred now raging in the Celestial Empire. Every steamer arriving at this port from China is the bearer of workers in religious fields whose labors have been suddenly cut short by the command of their respective Consuls to fly for their lives to their homes among white men, lest the inhuman fury of the almond-eyed barbarians be visited upon them.

Some of the stories told by these home-returning ministers of the gospel are horrible to listen to; some are remarkable for their concatenation of curious events, while nearly all of them graphically illustrate the hardships, anxieties and actual sufferings of the many who have served for years among the Chinese, speaking their language, living among them as brothers and teaching them all that they themselves hold most dear and necessary to human happiness.

On the steamship China, which arrived from the Orient yesterday afternoon, having sailed from Yokohama on the 11th instant, are, among the large number of trans-Pacific travelers, twenty missionary men, women and children on their way to the Coast, having, to save their lives, fled from China, now resounding with the cry of "Death to all foreigners!" Those who are seeking safety in flight and who know not when they shall ever return to their recently abandoned posts in the Orient are as follows: Mr. and Mrs. Bousfield and child, Mr. and Mrs. J. Goforth and five children, Miss St. A. Fyke, Mrs. J. A. Shimmon, Miss H. Galloway, Rev. and Mrs. S. D. Holmes and three children, Miss M. J. McIntosh and Miss G. Taft.

Mr. and Mrs. Goforth with their children, Miss M. J. McIntosh and Miss M. A. Fyke of the above party were members of the party of missionaries who had fled from the Honan province and who were attacked by several hundred Chinese while on their way to Shanghai and safety. Dr. F. C. Leslie, who passed through here on the Hongkong Maru on the 11th instant, wounded and helpless, was one of the same party and told his thrilling story to an Advertiser reporter. Dr. Leslie's story of the brutal attack on the little party of missionaries was published in the Advertiser of Saturday, August 11.

GOFORTH'S STORY.

It was just after dinner last night, shortly after the China had docked, that Mr. and Mrs. J. Goforth, with their five charming little children, the Rev. and Mrs. S. D. Holmes, with their three little ones, and several others of the missionaries aboard were gathered on the steamer's deck and Mr. Goforth and Mr. Holmes told their interesting stories to an Advertiser reporter.

Mr. Goforth wore a large bandage around his head, hiding an ugly and at one time dangerous wound received by sword in the hands of an infuriated Chinese during the attack on the party in which Dr. Leslie also figured. Mr. Goforth went over the story of the attack and brought out many facts which have not heretofore been published.

"We were connected with the Canadian Presbyterian Mission in the northern part of the province of Honan," said Mr. Goforth, "and up to the last moment before the Chinese in our district received word of the doings of the Boxers, the natives were most friendly to us and everything was going on as well as could be desired.

"Then official messengers burst into the midst of our people, carrying as a token of war to the death a burnt feather stuck into the end of an arrow and delivered to the Chinese the order, coming from the Government as it must surely have come, to put all foreigners to death. Then it was that the Chinese went wild with hate for us missionaries and threatened all kinds of terrible things. Then came the order from our Consul to leave the country; indeed, we were all ready to leave when the message came, and it didn't take us long to pack what things we were to take with us and start for the southern part of Honan in carts en route to Shanghai.

"Dr. Leslie no doubt told you how the party of about eighteen which left Honan was split in two and how our party was attacked by several hundred Chinese. Those attacked were Mr. and Mrs. M. St. Fyke and child, Mr. and Mrs. J. Goforth and children, J. Griffith, T. C. Hird, Miss M. J. McIntosh, Miss Dr. J. J. Dyer, Miss M. A. Fyke and Dr. and Mrs. F. C. Leslie.

"I do not believe that the attack by several hundred Chinese on our little party on Monday, July 9, was made simply with the idea of robbing us of our belongings and what money we had with us. The Chinese may not have been Boxers, but they were certainly imbued with the spirit of the Boxers, and I know that their first idea was to do away with us and not allow us to get out of the country. Why! when we were attacked there were something like 1000 Chinese gathered from all around, for we were near a big town, to stand by and see us slaughtered. They did not move to help us any of them, and I believe that we would have all been killed if it had not been for the presence of the soldiers. The Boxers charged upon us with swords, stones and a few firearms. We were almost defenseless, having only three revolvers in the party. We fired first in the air, hoping only to frighten them, but this had very little effect. Dr. Leslie, for example, had fired all his cartridges except one without effect at any one, when, saddened at last by the numerous wounds he had received, he shot and killed a Chinese who was just about to strike him on the head with his sword.

"We taught the Chinese to take our guns and state our lives, but they succeeded in that not one of us was to be spared. Then our women feared so greatly for the lives of the little children that our leader of the attacking party showed a command by his men to cease our fires. Then a rush was made for our little property and we were robbed of all we possessed. The mules attached to our carts were wild with fright at the sound of the pistol shots, the shouting and general noise of the conflict. I was knocked senseless by a fearful blow on the head with a Chinese sword and was almost run over by the frightened mules.

"We knew the Chinese too well not to know that every one of them is against the foreigner now. And why? Because they are ordered so to be. A Chinese does little or nothing of his own free will. He dare not under the form of Government which exists in China. He does what he is told to do by his superiors—not that which he wants to do. They say that the Boxers are conducting a campaign on their own responsibility. It cannot be so. The Boxers are undoubtedly authorized in all their actions by the Chinese Government. 'Death to all foreigners!' is the cry that now rings out on all sides through the Celestial Empire. I know, and we all know, for a fact that all Chinese officials are thoroughly in favor with the idea of ridding China of all the 'foreign devils.'

"When we all got to Shanghai after a long, tedious and dangerous journey, we felt a relief impossible to describe. Of course we cannot return to China until everything is settled, and I am afraid that by the looks of things at present that will be a long time to come.

"So Dr. G. F. Smith passed through here, did he? I knew Dr. Smith well. He must have told an interesting story of the trouble in Tien-Tsin. Dr. Leslie, who passed through here on the America Maru, was one of our Honan missionaries and a mighty plucky man he was, too. Mr. Jamieson, one of the American engineers who left Honan with us and who was one of the party who afterwards separated from us, was in Shanghai ahead of us and was most kind and generous to us in our trouble. We arrived in Shanghai without anything. We are all most thankful to have escaped with our lives, I assure you, but we have heard awful stories of the fates which have befallen some of our brethren, and it very naturally fills our hearts with a deep, inexpressible sorrow."

HOLMES' EXPERIENCE.

The Rev. Mr. S. D. Holmes has an entirely different story to tell. His is a story of friendship, not of hate; a tale of help and not of hindrance. He is a missionary of the American Baptist Missionary Union and was working at Kinhwa Fu in the province of Che Kiang, where he has been laboring with his wife for the past seven years. Mr. Holmes' story, in brief, is as follows:

"All the Chinese were very friendly to us up to within a very little while before we left the place for Shanghai. It was not until some of the Chinese who had witnessed the deeds of the Boxers had come into our district and spread the message of death to all foreigners that the Chinese of our district were worked up to the idea of exterminating the missionaries.

"They were very unfriendly to us after that and watched every opportunity of doing us harm. But, remarkable to say, the Chinese magistrates of the place were very friendly to us and assured us of their protection. My family and myself and Mr. Bousfield and his family were stopping at the mission at the time.

"Major Bio, chief of the magistrates in Kinhwa Fu, warned us that a message had been received to the effect that all missionaries, all foreigners, were to be destroyed. He warned us that our lives were in danger and that we were likely to be set upon by the fanatical mob at any moment almost and done to death.

"Major Bio, in fact, offered the protection of his quarters to us and guaranteed to take care of us. We had been great friends, had called on each other, and taken tea and cakes together, being very good friends, indeed. Not only was Major Bio our friend, but the two other most prominent officials in the place were decidedly in favor of giving us protection and did everything in their power to help us in our great trouble and make our lives safe from the infuriated masses.

"It was not long after the Chinese were notified through messengers of the doings of the Boxers and the message of death to foreigners that they began to harass us. A mob, fully armed, tried to force the gate of our mission. Mr. Bousfield and I went out to the gate and discharged our rifles into the air in order, if possible to frighten away the crowd by showing that we were in possession of firearms. They gave up the attempt to force the gate. Then the magistrates came to plead with the mob.

"When the magistrates arrived on the scene the cathedral doors were thrown open to receive them. They came into us—and the whole mob with them—a most unfortunate accident. Well, without going into the details, after being very thoroughly robbed, we eventually managed to escape from the country with the assistance of the friendly magistrates. We got over the rear walls of our premises and escaped by a back way to the quarters of Major Bio. The Major had only ten soldiers with him at the time, but sent immediately for more and gave us an escort. We had a hard time of it before getting away; the mob wanted to get at us; they wanted to kill us, but the Major protected us, and his few soldiers charged the crowd again and again, often killing several of the enemy. Then the soldiers captured several prisoners. The mob tried many times to burn the buildings of the mission, but it would not burn. If only they did succeed in burning the verandas, but that was all. It was Saturday, July 14, that the most of this trouble was going on. Then we escaped.

"We did not have to go to Shanghai for Major Bio promised us ample protection if we stayed with him; he had secured about 200 soldiers by this time. But we were afraid that at any moment we would be liable to be cut off from a chance to escape, and so we went. We were in need of some money; the Major handed me $50. Surely it was a remarkable case of friendship on the part of these three Chinese, Major Bio and his two fellow officials.

"Major Bio sent his own brother and two of his most intimate friends as a personal escort with us to Shanghai; he also gave us twenty soldiers, ten of this number saw us all the way through to Shanghai. Fortunately, on arriving in Shanghai, we found the treasurer of our society there and were able to get some money for necessities. We also rewarded the Chinese soldiers for their services and made presents to the brother and friends of Major Bio.

"I think if any story should be published, it should be this one, for here is a case of wonderful kindness on the part of the Chinese—a time when it was unexpected. Let us give them credit for this one good deed; there may possibly have been similar services rendered; they are guilty of enough awful crime as it is—let us give them, therefore, especial credit for this act of humanity. It is very strange when you consider that in reality all of China is at war with the rest of the world."

STATEMENT ON THE LAUPAHOEHOE ROW

Communication On Subject From Deputy Sheriff Swaine.

HILO, Hawaii, August 17.—The Herald prints the following communication:

Mr. Editor: Sir—Please allow me to make a correction of your statement of the "Laupahoehoe Trouble."

The facts of the case are these: The Japs have been very surly and wanted impossibilities granted them. The manager of the plantation (L. S. C.), C. M. Lenan, gave them the ultimatum of either going to work or to leave the camp and plantation premises and to go away. They had agreed to go to work on Monday when the trouble occurred. Mr. Shore, the head overseer, went up to the camp to see if they had gone to work, and when he got there they refused to work and immediately after assaulted him with hoes, clubs and cane knives, inflicting some very nasty wounds upon his body, and he then escaping got out of the house and notified the manager of what had happened. The manager then telephoned to me and I went up to the scene and swore in a posse, surrounded the premises and took some twenty odd men into custody and brought them to Laupahoehoe jail. On the following day I arrested nine more men implicated in the assault upon Mr. Shore.

On Wednesday we tried them in court with the following result: Twenty-four convictions out of thirty arrests as follows: The ringleaders were sentenced to eighteen months hard labor, of whom there were two, one for one year, one for nine months, five $50 each, one $25 and the rest $10 each.

On the following Friday a general strike on the plantation took place which fortunately ended without any serious consequences, as the strikers were told to either leave the plantation premises or go to work. They all went to work, thereby ending the strike.

Am pleased to say that at present there are no appearances of any dissatisfaction and everything has again quieted down to the general routine. Hoping you will find space in your paper for the above, I remain yours respectfully,

L. E. SWAINE,
Deputy Sheriff North Hilo.
Laupahoehoe, August 13, 1900.

WILL RUN AWAY.

Peter Kaalokai Hard to Keep at the Reform School.

Peter Kaalokai, the twelve-year-old Hawaiian boy who was committed last week to the Reform School for one year by Judge Wilcox, has made a record in the number of escapes already "booked" against him. The boy has proved incorrigible and after purloining a bicycle which he sold for $4, his arrest followed.

Last Sunday he managed to get away from the Reformatory but was caught later in the day by the Superintendent. On Sunday night between midnight and two a. m. he made a second escape and the matter reported at the police station yesterday afternoon. He stands committed for one year.

"Jim" Sherwood Here.

"Jim" Sherwood unexpectedly came into the city yesterday as a passenger on the China, en route to San Francisco, where he will remain for a short while and will finally migrate back to Honolulu. "Jim" has been absent from Honolulu for exactly two years, having left here on August 19, 1898. He has resided in Manila during that period and is said to have lined his nest. Reports came to Honolulu at various times that the old Honolulan was dead, wounded or sick, but he looks as lively as he did when engaged in business at the beach. He met many of his old friends last night and says he is glad to get back to Honolulu once more.

James Hakuole, the new Japanese interpreter, made his first appearance in Police Court yesterday morning.

KODAK

BANDITS IN OHIO

Train Express Messenger Murdered.

HIS SAFE WAS LOOTED

Body of the Victim Was Not Found Until the Train Reached Columbus.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, August 11.—So far as known, the trainrobbers who murdered Express Messenger Charles Lane, on the Pennsylvania-Pittsburg train which arrived in this city at 11:30 last night, and looted the "local" safe of all the money and valuables it contained have not yet been captured.

The crime was not discovered until the train pulled into the Union station here. When [illegible] Messenger Sheldon, of the Adams Transfer Office, went to the car, he found Lane dead, lying face downward in a pool of blood between the stove and the side of the car in the forward end. The body was found to have been riddled with bullets and there were evidences that a desperate struggle had taken place. No less than eight bullet wounds were found. The robbers had taken the key to the local safe from the messenger's pocket. The key was left sticking in the safe door. The messenger's revolver, with two chambers emptied, was found in the safe, where it had been probably laid by the robbers, after being wrenched from his hand.

The murder was probably committed just after the train left Milford Center, twenty-eight miles west of Columbus, where it is believed the robbers boarded the train. Conductor Taylor saw and talked with Messenger Lane there. When the body was discovered here, it was cold and the blood clotted, showing that death had occurred at least a half hour previous. The robbers had no difficulty in getting into the car, as the end door had been left open on account of the heat. The train made only two stops between Milford Center and Columbus, one at Plain City and the other at Marble Cliff, the latter five miles out of the city. At the latter place the train was flagged to take on a passenger, an old man. All the city detectives were immediately sent out along the line of the railroad and are scouring the neighboring country. From the number of bullets fired into the body of the messenger it is supposed there were two, three or four robbers.

Lane was 24 years of age and leaves a widow and child.

Officials of the Adams Express Company profess to be unable to make an estimate of the loss. They say that the safe opened was not likely to contain a large sum, but that until the business has been checked up, there is no manner in which they can fix the amount.

Baggage-master Fletcher, whose car was next in front of the looted car, made the following statement today:

"I saw Lane put off and take on freight at Urbana. After we left Urbana everything went well until we reached Capell, where we made a stop. I remember now that I heard talking there. When I first heard the voices they appeared to be coming along the train, there apparently being two or three of them. One man stepped on a piece of rotten wood, which attracted my attention just before the train got away. I supposed they were passengers to board the train. We stopped at Plain City and Milford, and I heard no unusual sounds. After we left Plain City I thought I would wash up and tried the door of the express car, but found that it would move only about an inch. I concluded that Lane had freight against it. We stopped at Marble Cliff and there I saw two men running toward the train—one an old man and the other a young fellow. They were dressed in dark clothes."

Fletcher is able to give a sort of description of these persons and the police are trying to locate them. It is claimed by the detectives that the men who committed the robbery and murder were perfectly familiar with the train and the customs of the people on board. The bandits overlooked, or purposely left a large quantity of silver bullion and a number of east-bound packages of value. They seem to have been pressed for time in their operations.

After leaving Marble Cliff the train made no stop except at the Hocking Valley crossing in the suburbs of this city.

In addition to two suspects arrested here, four men are held at Plain City and Conductor Jerry Taylor has gone to identify them, if he can.

OTHER TRAIN ROBBERS SLAIN.

GOODLAND, Kas., August 10.—The two men who robbed the Union Pacific train near Hugo, Col., ninety miles east of Denver, last Sunday morning and who shot and killed W. J. Fay, an aged passenger who resisted them, are both dead. One was shot to pieces by a sheriff's posse and the other was burned to death in a sod house in which he had taken refuge.

The two robbers met their death three miles east of this city, after a battle with a posse of citizens commanded by Sheriff William Walker. In the fight one of the men was killed, but not until after three members of the posse had been wounded, two seriously and perhaps fatally. The other robber barricaded himself in a sod house and defied the posse. Sheriff Walker telegraphed to Superintendent Denal of the Union Pacific, urging him to send a piece of cannon to batter down the walls of the house, but before the artillery arrived the house was fired and the man hidden within was burned to death.

The members of the posse wounded in the battle and the siege which preceded the death of the robbers were J. Briggs, owner of the Commercial Hotel of this city, and George Cullins, also a resident of Goodland. A third man, whose name could not be learned, sustained slight injuries.

NEVER KNOWN CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY TO FAIL.

Rev. J. M. Yingling, pastor of the Bedford Street Methodist Church at Cumberland, Md., says: "It affords me much pleasure to recommend Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I have used it and know others who have done so. I have never known it to fail. It is a sure cure when taken in time." For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for H. I.

NO DECISIVE STROKE YET

(Continued from Page 1.)

the condition that all the other powers should acquiesce in the appointment. As to this latter point diplomatic negotiations have been going on during the last few days. Emperor Nicholas, with whom the Count is an especial favorite, consented, and France followed somewhat reluctantly. Austria-Hungary and Italy quickly consented. The acquiescence of the United States and Great Britain was next received and the assent of Japan came last.

The German Foreign Office told a correspondent this evening that the consent of the other powers had been virtually secured to the selection of Count von Waldersee as commander in chief.

The number of volunteers from the army reserves who have signified their willingness to go to China is said to be 120,000. From this number it is understood that a corps not exceeding 20,000 will be formed. A portion of the corps will leave within a fortnight or as soon as the Cabinet meeting called for tomorrow shall have given consent to the project.

The Chinese Minister in Berlin, Lu Hai Houan, has received a dispatch substantially identical with the alleged Chinese imperial edict ordering the safe conduct of the members of the foreign legations to Tien-Tsin. This he has forwarded to the foreign office, where it is regarded, however, as another Chinese ruse.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—The subject of the appointment of Count von Waldersee to command the international forces in China has been presented to the United States Government, but no answer has yet been returned. Count Waldersee is regarded by the authorities here as an eminent soldier, and it is believed he is satisfactory. It is said that his appointment would mean a campaign of broader scope than that in which our forces are engaged at the present moment, which is for the relief of the Ministers in Peking, and Count Waldersee, who is now in Germany, cannot possibly reach China until that object is accomplished or defeated. It is thought by the Government that it is not necessary to immediately decide upon a commander for a future campaign. The matter will be taken up with President McKinley when he arrives in Washington next week.

BERLIN, August 10.—This evening the correspondent of the Associated Press had another interview with Count von Waldersee, who, although 69, looks much younger. His step is vigorous and springy. His hair is closely cropped and an iron gray mustache contrasts with a ruddy complexion. Evidently he is undertaking his important task in China with spirit and energy. He expressed regret at being unable to talk freely about his campaign plans, but said:

"I am busy making preparations for my departure and have been conferring at length with the Minister of War and with Count von Schlieffen, chief of the general staff. A list of the officers comprising my China staff was submitted to Emperor William, who approved it. Some thirty German officers will accompany me. General von Schatrzkopf will be my chief of staff and Col. Barongay will be chief quartermaster. The others are Baron Knigge and Count Koenigsmark as aids and Count Wernigerode.

"Yielding to potent reasons, I gave up the idea of going to China by way of San Francisco. I shall start from Genoa on August 20, sailing by the Sachsen, and expect to arrive at Shanghai on September 22. There I shall establish preliminary headquarters and complete my staff from the contingents of the other powers. One reason for this change is that I can be better reached by telegraph while on the way. Tomorrow morning I shall go for a brief visit to Hanover to arrange a number of personal matters.

"I am very glad to hear that my appointment has been received in the United States with approval. You see (this was added smilingly), I am half an American myself."

The Field Marshal then showed the correspondent a tropical outfit which Emperor William had presented to him personally on Wednesday. The uniform is the same as the Kaiser wore in Palestine.

On apparent authority it is said here today that news regarding the military moves, including the preparations for further shipments of troops to China will be officially withheld, so as not to betray the plan of campaign to China, including the Chinese diplomatists in Europe. As a result, reports are very contradictory. However, a number of facts go to show that Germany is preparing further large shipments.

The Cologne Gazette, in an inspired article, admits that 5,000 additional troops will also leave, although it says that at present some 15,000 or 20,000 have now been ordered to proceed. The semi-official Militar Wochenblatt this evening says:

"According to present orders from the powers, the middle of August will see altogether 40,500 available troops with 162 guns in the province of Pe Chi Li. By the end of September there will be 75,000 with 250 guns, not including the troops at Shanghai, Canton and Peking. Russia now has 67,000 men with 104 guns concentrating in Manchuria, and 105,000 more and 138 guns now forming for invasion. Altogether, 230,000 men with 500 guns will be in China within six weeks; and altogether 117 war vessels, exclusive of twenty-one torpedo boats, are now watching the Chinese coast, of which seventy are in the gulf of Pe Chi Li.

Maui Personals.

(Special Correspondence.)

WAILUKU, Maui, August 18.—During the afternoon of the 16th, the Thursday Club met at Mrs. D. C. Lindsay's, Paia.

The new residence of Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Baldwin at Paia will be completed in about two weeks.

Mr. W. E. Beckwith and bride are expected on Maui September 1st.

Paia plantation has been tearing down or moving away all its old office buildings preparatory to building a new office and store.

On Tuesday, the 14th, at Makawao, J. H. Bell, contractor for the new Maunaolu Seminary, was again sued by I. M. Sloper, carpenter, for $250 damages. Sloper maintains that there was a verbal contract which Mr. Bell broke when he discharged him. The latter denies that any contract whatever was made. The Judge reserved his decision until the 21st.

Samuel E. Kaiama has received his commission as Deputy Sheriff of Makawao district, vice W. H. King, who resigned to enter business in Wailuku.

Deputy Sheriff Kalama has offered Harry Copp his old position as captain of police. Makawao people are pleased with the choice of the new deputy and new captain.

The soothing and healing properties of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, its pleasant taste and prompt and permanent cures, have made it a great favorite with the people everywhere. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for H. I.

LIQUOR BRINGS ABOUT MURDER

Two Native Sailors Slay For No Reason.

JAPANESE KILLED AT LIHUE, KAUAI.

Drunken Seamen From the Niihau Commit a Fearful Crime.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

A tragedy was enacted in Lihue, Kauai, on Sunday last. Two drunken sailors, natives brutally murdered a Japanese laborer, waylaying and clubbing him to death. The men are now in jail at Lihue.

The news arrived by the Inter-Island steamer Ke Au Hou yesterday morning. Purser Sharratt secured the facts of the case from Purser Hapai of the Niihau to which steamer Kapaa and Umi, the men who did the killing, belonged.

While the Niihau was weatherbound at Hanamaulu, on Sunday about ten of the crew of the steamer went ashore. They immediately went to Lihue, met friends and proceeded to get fighting drunk. All day long they drank and towards night some of the natives began to think about returning to the vessel, and shortly afterwards the whole lot started for Hanamaulu in a very muddled condition indeed.

Staggering along the road towards the steamer they met six Japanese laborers. It seems that one of the sailors asked one of the Japanese for a smoke. The Japanese became frightened and ran hastily away. The sailors became angry at the behavior of the Japanese and not long afterwards they met a couple more Japanese and repeated their demand for a smoke. As in the first case the Japanese started to run away but only one made his escape. The other fellow was caught, defended himself as best he knew how under the conditions, but was very soon overcome and knocked dying to the ground. Soon he lay there quite still—dead—murdered.

The native sailors came to their senses somewhat at the sight of the Japanese lying there in the road lifeless and their awful deed was soon realized by the perpetrators of the crime. They hastened on to Hanamaulu. On arriving there the two men now under arrest, Umi and Kaapa, jumped in the water and swam out to the Niihau. The other eight lay down on the wharf and went to sleep.

While the sailors slept a native passed along the road which the men from the steamer had recently traversed and came across the lifeless body of the Japanese laborer. He communicated with the police at once and very shortly afterwards Deputy Sheriff Rice was out with a posse of men. All of the men from the Niihau who went to Lihue were arrested and lodged in Lihue jail.

An investigation was held on Monday and Umi and Kaapa, the men who swam out to their steamer Sunday night, were arrested as a result. The other eight men were afterwards released and are now on board the Niihau. It is just possible that some of these may be re-arrested for complicity in the crime. When the authorities examined the scene of the crime they discovered heavy sticks which were probably used in the assault.

Kauai had another affair besides the murder. There was a cutting affray between two Kapaa Portuguese; one of the men was jealous evidently on account of the other's attentions to his wife. This also occurred on Sunday. During a drunken brawl the two Portuguese came to dangerous blows, one of them, the married man, drawing a knife and stabbing the other in the breast. A wound was inflicted four inches long and deep enough to expose the unfortunate man's ribs. It is probable that he will recover, however.

It is said, in the case of the murder of the Japanese, that one of the sailors took a fence rail and struck the Japanese across the abdomen, tearing through his stomach and cutting his liver.

SUMMARY OF CHINESE STATUS QUO UP TO AUGUST ELEVENTH

SAN FRANCISCO, August 9.—By capturing Yangtsun on Monday, two days after the advance on Peking, the allied forces have taken a long step toward their goal, and Washington already figures that ten days more shall bring them to the walls of China's capital. In taking Yangtsun sixty Americans were killed or wounded, mostly in the Fourteenth Regiment, but General Chaffee could furnish only the name of Lieut. Lang of the Ninth Infantry. The total loss was about 200 men. The allies' losses at Peitsang are now reported as 1,130, of whom Russia contributed 900.

Previous reports of the destruction of the French legation in Peking had led to a belief that it had been abandoned, but news of Saturday's date received yesterday from the Austrian Minister announced that although part had been blown up by mines, it was still sheltering not only the French but the Austrians who had fled to it when their own headquarters were destroyed, and probably the Belgians. According to an undated message from a German official, which probably left Peking about the same time, the Boxers surround the legation, which is thus cut off from the British legation.

M. Pichon, the French Minister, reports strong efforts of the Peking authorities to induce the legationers to leave the city, and their steadfast refusal.

Though not an ultimatum, the note o the United States Government to China, made public yesterday, "demands" an immediate cessation of the hostile attacks on the legations, and urges hearty co-operation with the allies.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 10.—Through Minister Wu the United States Government addressed last evening a vigorous warning to the Chinese officials in Peking that they would be held personally accountable for the safety of Ministers there. It was pointed out that if the envoys could not be protected in the easily defended portion of Peking it was futile to suggest escorting them to the coast. While not in a diplomatic sense an ultimatum, this memorandum is regarded as affording a last opportunity for the Chinese Government to arrange matters except on a basis of dictation by the powers after the entry of their troops into the capital.

In response to a demand made a month ago by the United States, and probably actuated by the beginning of the allies' advance, if not also by the reverse suffered by its forces at Peitsang on Sunday, the Chinese Government has issued an edict opening free communication with the Ministers in Peking, as a result of which a cipher message was sent from Washington last evening to Minister Conger.

Advices from the British Minister in Peking received in London yesterday state that on Friday all was well, though intermittent rifle fire by the Chinese troops and Boxers had continued since the cessation of shell fire on July 16. Two hundred women and children are among the refugees in the British legation. The total casualties there have been 60 killed and 110 wounded.

Further details of the battle at Peitsang on Sunday encourage the belief that the Chinese resistance was less than at first supposed. Washington thinks the allies' advance guard has already reached Yanun, about one-third of the distance from Tien-Tsin to Peking.

Reports from General Chaffee and Admiral Remey show that the Americans were unable to participate in the fight. The early reports of seven hours of battle and heavy losses of the allies seem to be without foundation.

Field Marshal Count von Waldersee is to be sent to China to lead the German troops there, and it is reported at Berlin and is generally believed in other European capitals that he will be made commander in chief of the allied forces.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 11.—Simultaneously with the improvement in what may be termed the Chinese situation proper, points of ill-omen appear in the international horizon. China is suing or is about to sue for peace. Li Hung Chang has been invested with plenary powers to this end. The co-operation of the imperial authorities with the allies to the extent at least of handing over the refugees to an inadequate force as an escort in the neighborhood of Peking is expected in many quarters. In a word, the Chinese sky is just now more serene than for many long days past.

At this juncture comes a dispatch from Shanghai indicating that while the Chinese Government is fain to admit its inability to fight the outer world as a whole, it has not forgotten the advantages to be obtained by dividing the powers, and is seeking to secure Russian support, while even more menacing to international cohesion is the report of the intention of Admiral Seymour to land British troops at Shanghai.

With one power taking measures of this kind in its own particular sphere of influence, the others would be likely to follow suit, and the Washington administration consequently views the outlook with some measure of alarm. Hitherto the note of the powers dealing with China has been given by the United States. With developments such as are feared from the reported decision of Admiral Seymour, the Washington Government could, in view of its declared policy, have nothing to do.

DECISION IN THE TRAMWAYS CASE

Judge Humphreys Grants Application For Injunction.

On Saturday Judge Humphreys rendered a decision for the plaintiff in the case of J. A. McCandless vs. the Hawaiian Tramways Company granting an injunction against the company to prevent them from doing any further work on the King street double track.

The decision of the judge made the temporary injunction permanent and in rendering it Judge Humphreys said that the officers of the Government were to be complimented for safeguarding the public interests as they had done. The Tramways Company will take the case to the Supreme Court.

August Kraft's Estate.

W. L. Howard applied to the Circuit Court on Saturday for appointment as temporary administrator of the estate of August Kraft, the aged jeweler and horticulturist who died some time ago. Mr. Kraft's estate is valued at $12,188.85, consisting of real estate, money and bonds. His heirs are children living in the Eastern states.

Lieutenant Commander Lucien Young, U. S. N., is in New York on a brief visit from Havana.

THE WEATHER FIGURES FOR MONTH OF JULY

Temperature mean for the month, 73.5 F.; normal, 77.3; average daily maximum, 83.3; average daily minimum, 73.0; average daily range, 10.3; greatest daily range, 15; least daily range, 5.5; highest temperature, 88; lowest, 66. The month was the warmest July on record.

Barometer average, 29.95; normal, 29.96; corrected for gravity; highest, 30.07; lowest, 29.86; greatest change in 24 hours, .07.

Relative humidity, 67.5 per cent; normal, 66.3; mean dewpoint, 66.2; normal, 63.2; absolute moisture, 7.21 grains per cubic foot; normal, 6.61.

Rainfall, 2.59 inches; normal, 1.80; rainy days, 21; normal, 18. Greatest fall in one day, 0.41 inches. Lowlands rainfall, 2.09; Kapiolani Park, 2.25.

The artesian well level fell from 21.62 feet above sea level to 21.26. The fall would have been greater but for the heavy rains to Manoa and Nuuanu.

Trade-wind days, 22 (6 of N. E. trades); normal number of trade-wind days, 20. Cloudiness, tenths of sky, 3.1; normal, 3.9.

Approximate percentages of district rainfall: South Hilo, 120; North Hilo, 90; Hamakua, 30 to 90; Kohala, 30; Waimea, 90; Kona, 50; Kau, 110; Puna, 100 to 120; Maui, 200; Oahu, 150; Kauai, 150.

Average temperatures: Papaikou, 100 feet elevation, maximum, average, 81.2; average minimum, 59.7; Waimea, 2,700 feet elevation, 75.4 and 46.7; Kohala, 50 feet elevation, 82.6 and 71.5; Kealakekua, 1,500 elevation, at 8 a. m., 61.2; W. R. Castle's Kaiakahua, 60 feet elevation, highest, 87.5; lowest, 70.6; mean, 78.2; Kaupo, Kauai, 225 elevation, 81.4 and 72.6.

Earthquakes reported on Hawaii on the 8th and 10th.

RAINFALL FOR JULY.

(From reports to Weather Bureau.)

HAWAII.

Stations—	Elev. (Ft.)	Rainfall (Inches)
Waiakea	60	3.73
Hilo (town)	100	
Kaumana	1,500	8.16
Pepeekeo	150	7.32
Hakalau	200	3.56
Honohina		8.03
Laupahoehoe	500	4.91
Ookala	150	3.67
Kukalau	250	2.61
Paauilo	750	4.79
Paauhau (Moore)	800	3.32
Paauhau (Greig)	1,150	2.05
Honokaa (Muir)	425	1.80
Honokaa (Kalehua)	1,900	2.05
Kukuihaele	700	2.75
Awini Ranch	1,100	3.50
Awini (Lot 6)	2,500	
Niulii	200	4.31
Kohala (Parsonage)	350	4.39
Kohala Mission	150	3.11
Kohala Sugar Co.	250	3.43
Hawi	100	
Hawi	500	3.72
Waimea	2,750	1.06
Kailua	100	13.74
Kealakekua	1,500	11.26
Naalehu	800	9.25
Naalehu	1,250	
Naalehu	1,725	
Honuapo	25	1.39
Hilea	300	2.30
Pahala	850	
Moaula	700	
Olaa (Russell)	1,700	12.59
Volcano House	4,000	3.06
Kapoho	110	
Pohoiki	10	5.37
Kalapana	5	3.54
MAUI.		
Lahainaluna	900	
Olowalu	15	0.14
Waiopae Ranch	200	0.32
Kaupo (Mokulau)	585	0.10
Kipahulu		10.35
Hamoa Plantation	70	7.19
Nahiku	100	13.99
Halku	700	6.85
Kula (Von Tempsky)	4,000	2.27
Kula (Kealawa)	2,000	
Puunomalei	1,100	4.39
Paia	150	
Haikuhaia Ranch	200	3.61
LANAI.		
Maunalei (Keomuku)	5	0.00
OAHU.		
Punahou (W. Borrow)	50	2.59
Kulaokahua	50	1.66
Kewalo (King St.)	10	1.83
Makiki Reservoir	100	4.81
Kapiolani Park	10	2.25
School St. (Bishop)	50	2.07
Insane Asylum	50	2.19
Nuuanu (W. W. Hall)	50	3.66
Nuuanu (Wylie St.)	400	3.66
Nuuanu (Elec. Sta.)	450	3.10
Nuuanu, Luakaha	650	3.61
Manoa (W. Dairy)	300	3.61
Manoa Mill	500	4.31
Kaneohe	50	4.39
Waimanalo	50	4.11
Ahuimanu	50	4.07
Kahuku	25	1.07
Ewa Plantation	80	1.39
Waipahu	200	
KAUAI.		
Lihue, Grove Farm	100	2.16
Lihue (Molokai)	200	2.01
Kealia	11	1.17
Kilauea	250	1.17
Hanalei	10	1.56
Waiawa	10	
JUNE.		
Haiku		4.11
Wyllie street		1.16

C. J. LYONS,
Territorial Meteorologist.

N. B.—Observers are requested to forward their reports promptly at the end of each month, that they may appear in the published report on the 10th of following month.

Needs of British Honduras.

NEW YORK, August 11.—Sir David Wilson, Governor of British Honduras, is in the city on his way to London. He will sail today for Liverpool. He has lived in the tropics nearly thirty years. In speaking of his visit to England, he says: "What British Honduras demands most imperatively is railroads. For this reason I am going to London to endeavor to obtain financial backing for a railroad starting from Belize, the capital and chief seaport of our crown province, into the neighboring State of Guatemala. The proposed road will be about 150 miles long, and will connect with the interior road lines of Guatemala."

Shah Goes to Ostend.

PARIS, August 11.—The special train of the Shah of Persia to Paris ended this morning. Accompanied by President Loubet and M. del Casso, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, the Shah left the train at the railroad station surrounded by an escort of cavalry and started for Ostend.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Grieve and Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Wright were among the passengers on the City of Peking.



SPECIALS FOR THIS WEEK

THE PERFECTION LUNCH BOX

25 cents each

Black Cloth Covering. Flat Folding.

When in use resembles a Camera. When not in use can be folded and carried in the pocket.

See Our Window Display

JUST RECEIVED

A fine line of Crystal etched and Cut Glass Goods.

French Glassware

W. W. Dimond & Co. LIMITED

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE

King Street, Honolulu

Clarke's Blood Mixture

THE WORLD FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER

IS WARRANTED TO CURE

Every Species of Blood Disease, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Piles, Kidney Troubles, Female Complaints, Sores, Boils, Pimples, Eczema, Ulcers, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Whatever the Disease May Be.

For Sale by All Druggists, or Express Paid on Receipt of Price, $1 per Bottle.

Six Bottles for $5.

Permanent Cure Guaranteed.

Cures Old Sores.

Cures Boils on the Face.

Cures Pimples, or Eruptions on the Face.

Cures Blotches.

Cures Scrofula.

Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.

Clears the Blood from Impurities.

It is the only Blood Purifier that Removes Mercury and Potash Taints from the Blood and Restores the Tone to the Digestive Organs.

It is the only Blood Purifier that Builds up the System after the Use of Mercury and Potash.

It is the only Blood Purifier that Cures Rheumatism.

It is the only Blood Purifier that Cures Catarrh.

It is the only Blood Purifier that Cures Blood Poisoning.

It is the only Blood Purifier that Cures Ulcers.

It is the only Blood Purifier that Cures Eczema.

It is the only Blood Purifier that Cures Female Complaints.

It is the only Blood Purifier that Cures Kidney Troubles.

It is the only Blood Purifier that Cures Piles.

It is the only Blood Purifier that Cures Boils.

It is the only Blood Purifier that Cures Pimples.

It is the only Blood Purifier that Cures Scrofula.

It is the only Blood Purifier that Cures Sores.

It is the only Blood Purifier that Cures Blotches.

It is the only Blood Purifier that Cures Blood Diseases.

It is the only Blood Purifier that Cures Skin Diseases.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WON DERFUL CURES

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture Cures Cancer.

Clarke's Blood Mixture Cures Tetter.

Clarke's Blood Mixture Cures Eczema.

Clarke's Blood Mixture Cures Rheumatism.

Clarke's Blood Mixture Cures Scrofula.

Clarke's Blood Mixture Cures Blood Poisoning.

Clarke's Blood Mixture Cures Ulcers.

Clarke's Blood Mixture Cures Catarrh.

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Clarke's Blood Mixture Cures Sores.

Clarke's Blood Mixture Cures Blotches.

Clarke's Blood Mixture Cures Blood Diseases.

Clarke's Blood Mixture Cures Skin Diseases.

The Standard Oil Co.

The Equitable Life Assurance Society.

The New York Life Insurance Co.

The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York.

The Fire Insurance Co. of Hartford, Conn.

The Home Insurance Co. of New York.

The Phoenix Assurance Co. of London.

LARIE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

Castle & Cooke, Ltd. HONOLULU

Commission Merchants.

SUGAR FACTORS.

AGENTS FOR

The Honolulu Oil Co.

The Hawaiian Commercial Co.

The Honomu Sugar Co.

The Paauhau Sugar Plantation Co.

The Pioneer Mill Co.

The Waialua Agricultural Co.

The Standard Oil Co.

The Equitable Life Assurance Society.

The New York Life Insurance Co.

The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York.

The Fire Insurance Co. of Hartford, Conn.

The Home Insurance Co. of New York.

The Phoenix Assurance Co. of London.

POST OFFICE CHANGES

Inspector M. H. Flint's Accomplishments.

HAWAII'S NEW SERVICE

Something About the Man who has Put the Department in Shape.

Among the important departmental changes brought about by the change of government of June 14 last was the transfer of the post office of the Republic of Hawaii to the authority of the United States government. M. H. Flint, Post Office Inspector, has had charge of the important matters connected with the change, and in the two months which have elapsed since the Hawaiian government ceased to have direct jurisdiction over the postal department of the Islands, the transfer has been complete and successful while none of its important work was reversed in the slightest detail.

To change over into an entirely new system, seventy post offices, many of them far removed from landing ports, to create new postmasters, secure bonds for each and forward the same to Washington, to give each office a complete outfit of United States stamps, money orders, blanks and all the minute paraphernalia which Uncle Sam requires each postmaster to possess before he can go on readily with his work, to instruct the clerks of the Honolulu office in the mysteries of handling the mail sacks of the United States government, all this has required systematic handling and energetic supervising. Mr. Flint has been entirely successful in his two months' efforts and will leave the local field on September 4 for Los Angeles where he has his headquarters. Mr. H. B. Hall, who has been assisting Mr. Flint, will accompany the chief at that time.

Hawaii has been made a permanent separate postal district and will therefore have an inspector in charge, with headquarters in Honolulu. W. A. Robinson, from San Francisco, will succeed Mr. Flint. A traveling inspector will also be stationed this district. Had it not been that civil service examinations are necessary for every man who enters the postal service, Mr. Flint would undoubtedly ask for the appointment of Louis Kenake of the local post office to the position of traveling inspector. Although inspectors and traveling inspectors do not undergo civil examinations, yet they take such an examination when first entering upon postal service from which they are later promoted, if fit, to become inspectors.

Mr. Flint has been in Uncle Sam's post office service for fourteen years. He was first appointed bookkeeper and cashier in the Los Angeles post office, and later as assistant postmaster, retaining those positions for three years, when he was appointed inspector. His division formerly took in the entire Pacific coast and as far east as Montana. The present limits of his work are confined to Nevada, California and Arizona. Hawaii is a separate division.

Among the interesting cases in which his skill was brought to a full test, was a train robbery on the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway, two years ago, between Visher and Kleck, California. Two men robbed the train. One was instantly wounded by the express messenger and the other was captured by Mr. Flint's posse. They also took in a certain negro and an accomplice who was a deputy sheriff of the county. It was developed in the trial that the latter two were the men who "worked" the robbers to perform the deed. It was one of the hardest fought trials in which Mr. Flint ever figured, but he secured the conviction of the unwounded robber, the saloon keeper and the deputy sheriff, all of whom are now confined at San Quentin. As inspector Mr. Flint was appointed by President Harrison, although he entered service in the first Cleveland administration. His division takes in nearly 800 offices.

Speaking of the Hawaiian offices the inspector said he hoped to have Lihue in the presidential offices this year but by reason of a lack of full data the office was not listed in that division, as were Honolulu, Hilo and Kohala. He also hopes by next year to raise to presidential appointments the offices of Lahaina, Wailuku and Honokaa.

The failure of Civil Service Examiner Keating, who was ordered to Hawaii to supervise the examinations for the carriers for the free delivery system, will probably delay the putting into operation that important branch of the postal service here. Mr. Flint, however, believes that another examiner will be sent here and that in two months the free delivery system of mail carriers will be making house to house visits. Everything is ready for that work. The maps, districts and routes have all been prepared and authority is awaited from Washington.

Under the civil service rules a carrier or employe of the department cannot be removed until charges are preferred against him, a copy thereof being delivered in his hands, and the inspector will listen to the charges and take testimony. The inspector takes minute details in all cases, no matter how trivial or how small the salary may be. After a civil service examination the postmaster makes a request upon the secretary of the commission for names in the order of their standing at examinations. The three highest names are handed to him. The postmaster takes his choice of one name. Supposing he chooses number 3. The secretary next makes a certificate of numbers 1, 2 and 4. If number 2 is selected, the third certification is sent up to him with numbers 1, 4 and 5. If number 5 is chosen, number 2's name is then dropped from the lists. Thus the postmaster has some leeway in the selection of his employees, although rigidly bound to accept only the names sent him by the commission.

On the Mariposa yesterday Mr. Flint sent to Washington $1,650 worth of Hawaiian stamps, formerly owned by private parties. These will be redeemed in United States stickers. Forty-eight thousand dollars worth of the Hawaiian issue were sent to Washington directly after the Republic was merged into that of the Territory. These were taken direct from the vaults of the Treasury Department. Six thousand eight hundred dollars were also sent from the Honolulu office alone at the same time.

There are less than 100 post office inspectors in the service, each of whom is a man chosen for his especial fitness for the important post.

Plague is Fau in Sydney.

For sixteen days before the Mariposa left Sydney there had been no cases of plague in that city, and the vessel brought a clean bill of health from that port. She reported that the disease had been completely rooted out. The vessel was compelled to observe the rule of remaining six feet away from the wharf here, however, and until thirty days have elapsed since the last case of plague in Sydney all vessels from that port will be forced to obey the same rule.

SOLD ALCOHOL

Two Drug Companies Accused.

Hollister and Company and Benson, Smith and Company Deny Any Guilt.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

Upon the complaint of High Sheriff Brown, the drug companies of Benson, Smith & Co., and Hollister & Co., were summoned to appear in Police Court yesterday afternoon for the alleged selling of alcohol to persons other than licensed physicians. They are charged with a violation of section 162 of the penal laws of 1897. This act reads: "The holders of licenses for the sale of methylated spirits and alcohol is prohibited from selling alcohol to any person but a duly licensed physician; and no greater quantity than one gallon at any one sale shall be sold to any such physician."

Sheriff Brown in his complaint against the firms says, "That he is informed and has reason to believe that the firm of Hollister & Co., and Benson, Smith & Co., corporations duly established and existing under the laws of the Territory of Hawaii, at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, have, during one month last past violated section 162 of the penal laws of 1897 by selling alcohol to persons other than duly licensed physicians, said firms having licenses as provided by section 698 for the sale of methylated spirits and alcohol."

The arrests were in reality made to test the law governing such sales and the prohibitions imposed by the laws of the Republic of Hawaii. The drug stores interpret the law under the Territory to mean that the liquor can be sold to any reputable persons other than physicians, but not in the manner that liquors are dispensed over the bar of a licensed saloon. It is the opinion of George W. Smith of the firm of Benson, Smith & Co., that the interpretation of the law under the laws of the Territory is that they have the right to sell the stimulants above mentioned to reputable persons, but not indiscriminately.

The Grand Jury is responsible for the test to be made in these cases. It is understood the High Sheriff was before that body lately and the question of alcoholic beverages was brought up. The result of his visit to the Grand Jury was a personal investigation made at the drug stores mentioned, and the subsequent issue of the warrants.

A HONOLULU MAN

Talks of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills.

When an incident like the following occurs here at home it is bound to carry weight with our readers. The public statement of a reputable citizen living in this city leaves no ground for the skeptic to stand on.

Mr. James C. Stevens, of this city, informs us: "I was troubled with an ache in the small of my back for a long time, and such was the condition of things until I tried some of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills, which I obtained at the Hollister Drug Co.'s store. A short treatment gave me the desired relief, and I am satisfied that they are a good remedy for backache and deserve to be recommended."

Mr. Stevens is one of our own citizens. Is not such testimony stronger than that of someone living in America?

Does your back or side ache so that it is hard to stand straight? Do you have headaches, nervousness, frequent thirst, hot, dry skin, or shortness of sleep? Are your eyelids distended or bluish? Evil forebodings, or unsettled sleep? Are your eyelids distended or feet and ankles swollen and have you lost flesh? Are the secretions from the kidneys thick, dark colored, and do they deposit a sediment? Kidney disease is insidious and if you leave any of these symptoms you should treat them at once. Delay may mean you you can't be cured.

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all chemists and store keepers at 50 cents per box, six boxes $2.50, or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

THEY MUST KEEP MUM

Grand Jury Witnesses Warned.

LEAKS MUST BE STOPPED

Judge Humphreys Cautions Inquisitors to Swear Those Testifying.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

The lack of secrecy in the Grand Jury proceedings has become such a byword of late that Judge Humphreys called the jurymen into court yesterday and gave them a talking to on the subject.

His Honor said that the news of what had transpired in the grand jury room had evidently gone abroad through the witnesses that had appeared before that body. Each member of the jury had taken oath not to divulge the matters that had come before it, but no such oath had bound the witnesses. He urged that in future all witnesses appearing before the court should be sworn to absolute secrecy on all matters which came to their knowledge while within the grand jury room.

It was not compatible with the dignity of the Grand Jury, Judge Humphreys said in concluding, that the matters which it discussed in its chamber should be talked of as of common report on the streets, hence the necessity of compelling secrecy on the part of all witnesses appearing before it.

H. E. Waity, foreman of the Grand Jury, asked to be excused from further attendance on the sessions of that body, as he had urgent business in San Francisco which necessitated his departure by the Mariposa. His excuses were accepted and he was discharged, E. I. Spaulding being appointed in his stead.

Charles Graham, whose father was reported to be seriously ill in San Francisco was also excused to sail on the Mariposa.

MANY CRIMINAL CASES DISMISSED.

Following the precedent established in the Ottman liquor case a few days ago, Judge Humphreys dismissed ten criminal cases which had been appealed from the District Court. In each of these cases no formal sworn complaint against the defendants had been filed and Judge Humphreys held that they had not been properly before the District Court, hence he had no jurisdiction.

Three of these cases were against Frank Fisher, accused on two charges of selling liquor without a license and on one of assault and battery.

The other cases were against Sam Hoy, accused of having opium in possession; Bob Gardner, selling liquor without a license; Matsumara, heedless driving; F. C. Parker, gross cheat; Kaimi Naauao, selling liquor without a license; Fred Myers, selling liquor without a license; Tai Hing, having opium in his possession.

ADMINISTRATOR APPOINTED.

George R. Carter was yesterday appointed administrator of the estate of Jacob Jurgensen with the will annexed. His bond was fixed at $1,500.

THIRD DEMURRER SUSTAINED.

Since last November the "Hagey Cure case" has been in the Circuit Court but it is just as far from trial on its merits as it was eight months ago.

On the court records the case is known as Thomas M. Harrison vs. J. A. Magoon et al., and it was brought to recover $10,000 for services in working up interest in the Hagey Cure in Tasmania. Suit was filed in November and the defendants demurred. The plaintiff was given leave to amend and then the defendants demurred again. Again the plaintiff was forced to amend and yesterday in a decision by Judge Stillman the complaint was declared defective on account of misjoinder of parties.

The plaintiff appears in person in the case assisted by Robertson & Wilder. Kinney, Ballou & McClanahan and Long are defendant's attorneys.

LEFT A PECULIAR WILL.

W. H. Hoogs was yesterday appointed by Judge Stillman administrator of the estate of Edward V. Everett, on petition of his brother Charles H. Everett. Everett left property valued at $1,925, consisting of cash in Spreckels' bank amounting to $375 and wages due, $950.

Everett left a holographic will, unwitnessed, dated at Waimanola, November 10, 1899, in which he expresses a desire that all his property go to his "little friend, Miss Polua Mailua." He says that he is a member of the Marine Engineers' Beneficial Association, from which a death benefit will be due him.

Everett's relatives are Charles H. Everett and Louis M. Everett, of Honolulu, and D. H. Everett of San Francisco, all brothers of the deceased.

AMENDED INDICTMENTS FILED.

Amended indictments were filed yesterday by the Grand Jury in the cases against Kane, the native accused of the robbery on Tantalus, and Ah Ching, accused of selling opium.

EX-QUEEN ANSWERS.

Former Queen Lilliuokalani has filed an answer to the suit brought by Dr. C. H. English for $5,000 for breach of contract, wherein she pleads the statute of frauds as a defense.

ANSWER IN DIVORCE.

Melie Ellen Osmer has filed answer to the suit for divorce instituted by her husband, J. L. Osmer, admitting that she has not lived with him for several years. She consents to the trial of the case immediately, and asks for the custody of her children.

WANTS A DIVORCE.

Henrietta Machado Toogood has brought suit for divorce against Albert Toogood, asking divorce on account of desertion and neglect to provide. She prays for the custody of her children.

St. Vitus' Dance Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People

Mrs. Minnie Fiedler, of Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, says:

"I was afflicted for years with St. Vitus' dance. The first symptoms of the disease began in 1889, when the nerves began twitching in my left hand. I consulted physicians of this city, but none of them ever did me a particle of good. After I had suffered for two and one half years, the disease continuing to grow worse, I heard of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

"It was in 1891 that I was induced to try them, and I was surprised at my rapid improvement. I took only two boxes, and was entirely cured. It was hard to realize that I, who for over two years was scarcely able to walk, and who often found it almost impossible to talk, should be restored to perfect health and in full possession of all of my powers by two boxes of this wonderful remedy.

"I am happy to state that my health is still perfect and I have never had the slightest symptoms of a return of the disease, although it is eight years since I was cured."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia rheumatism, nervous headache, the after-effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are never sold by the dozen or hundred, but always in packages. At all druggists, or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., 50 cents per box, 6 boxes $2.50.

AMERICANS MANUFACTURED QUICKLY.

Twenty minutes sufficed to dispatch the business of the United States District Court yesterday. Judge Estee in that time turned out five new citizens, or at the rate of four minutes per man. They were: Duncan Bell Murdoch of England, J. L. Fleming of Scotland, J. H. M. Osorio of Portugal; Augusto P. Ornellas of Portugal, J. S. Bailey of England.

CIRCUIT COURT NOTES.

The petit jurors were excused yesterday by Judge Humphreys until Monday next.

Joseph Le Barse, a citizen of France, has filed his declaration of intention to become an American citizen.

Judge Humphreys will today hear such divorce cases as are ready for trial.

Judge Stillman yesterday gave judgment for the Hawaiian Trust and Investment Company against Annie A. Barton and Helen A. Dunning, quieting title to property on Hotel street known as the "Canton Hotel" property.

CIRCUIT COURT ORDERS.

Lee Hoo vs. Lee Ching, settled out of court.

Harrison vs. Magoon et al., demurrer sustained.

Territory vs. J. B. Dias, heedless driving, fine of $150 reduced to $75, no mittimus to issue until November 5th.

Territory vs. Eugene Avery, defendant pleaded not guilty.

Territory vs. George A. Davis, continued until November term.

TROUBLESOME TO THE ARMY.

During the Civil War, as well as in our late war with Spain, diarrhoea was one of the most troublesome diseases the army had to contend with. In many instances it became chronic and the old soldiers still suffer from it. Mr. David Taylor, of Wind Ridge, Greene Co., Pa., is one of these. He uses Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and says he never found anything that would give him such quick relief. It is for sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for H. I.

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks, and to some older ones. Doane's Ointment never fails. Instant relief and permanent cure. At any chemist's, 50 cents.

WE CANDIDLY BELIEVE That Our Assortment —OF— House and Evening Slippers

Are fully up to what the fashionables want.

☞ The Prices? They are not high—only reasonable, quality considered

MANUFACTURERS SHOE COMPANY

I. HOPP & CO.——J. HOPP & CO

The Best at the Lowest Price at HOPP'S.

FLEMISH OAK AND MAHOGANY CHAIRS.

CORNER CHINA CLOSETS.

AND OTHER NICE THINGS

Can be had at this store for the asking of them. We don't tack on an extra profit because the goods are pretty and good sellers. We are satisfied with a small margin. We want your trade every twelve months.

The Bee Hive is still turning out repaired furniture as good as new.

J. Hopp & Co

LEADING FURNITURE DEALERS.

King and Bethel Sts.

J. HOPP & CO.——J. HOPP & CO

Metropolitan Meat Company

NO. 507 KING ST.

HONOLULU, H. I.

Shipping and Family Butchers.

NAVY CONTRACTORS.

G. J. WALLER, Manager.

Highest Market Rates paid for Hides, Skins and Tallow.

Purveyors to Oceanic and Pacific Mail Steamship Companies.

ACME

Might mean WELA-KA-HAO but it doesn't. It is the name of a new

SELF-HEATING SAD IRON

Is something new and handy to have around the house. No waiting to heat a flat iron on the kitchen stove. When it is needed the ACME HEATS ITSELF.

We have just received a lot of

Safety Razors in Sets,

Disstons' Saws, a full Assortment; Sandusty Planes, Velox Grindstones, Shelf Hardware and Paroffine Candles.

PACIFIC HARDWARE CO., LIMITED

Fort Street Store.

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

WALTER G. SMITH, EDITOR

TUESDAY : : : : AUGUST [illegible]

STATUS OF THE CANAL.

The promise of the Craigin-Eyre syndicate to build the Nicaragua canal at private expense, must be taken cum grano salis. This syndicate is thought to be the railroads in disguise. At any rate its influence has always been used against the Nicaragua canal bill in Congress and if it can delay action on that measure at the next session by promising to begin construction on its own account, then there will be no lack of pledges.

The Craigin-Eyre people hold the concession granted to the old Maritime company, the Warner Miller organization, whose franchise became forfeit some time ago. There is also an English company operating steamers on the San Juan river which claims to have a monopoly of the carrying trade of that stream for fifty years. These two syndicates apparently take orders from the railroad interests. They are undoubted obstacles to the plans of the canal projectors in Congress, hardly less formidable in their way than the Clayton-Bulwer treaty which a weak Democratic administration was persuaded to sign in the days before the war.

The canal lost its best chance when Congress, after the object-lesson of the Oregon's long trip, refused to pass the bill appropriating $10,000,000 to begin the work. Since then it is undeniable that the enemies of the canal have strengthened their lines. They will try their best to add to the number of their adherents in the coming Congressional and Legislative elections and unless the people are active and vigilant several more men of the type of Turpie and Pettigrew may appear in the Senate and House to do the railroad's bidding.

In preparing to send a delegate to Congress Hawaii should have a care to choose one whose committal to the canal and whose future fealty to it is not in doubt. The Advertiser has always believed that Honolulu would get more out of the canal in proportion to its size and the extent of its commercial interests than any other maritime city. San Francisco counts on great things and would, of course, benefit by low freight rates and by sea shipments for its fruit; yet its connection with the Oriental trade would suffer as respects the tonnage visiting its port. Steamers from the Far East that go to San Francisco and discharge cargo for railroad transfer East would naturally clear for Atlantic ports via the canal, stopping at Honolulu en route. This would be of great commercial utility to us and it requires, therefore, all the aid Hawaii can give the canal in Congress. Perhaps, who knows, the canal bill might carry by one vote and that the Hawaiian. One Islander swayed the destinies of the Democratic party at Kansas City; perhaps it will fall to our Delegate to render a decisive service to the commercial world.

"General Alexei Nicolaievich Kuropatkin," says a correspondent of "The Chicago Times-Herald," "who it is said will be sent to China as the commander-in-chief of the Russian forces, is the Russian Minister of War, and is probably the most trusted, most powerful and most faithful servant of the Czar. Long ago, when Kuropatkin was a young man, he was sent to Turkestan with the Russian advance, and spent his youth in high adventure and in winning for himself honors, decorations and promotion. When he had served his apprenticeship in the marches and bivouacs of the East he returned to Europe and resumed his studies in schools. At Paris he won the Legion of Honor, and was the first Russian officer to do so. This was in 1874. The following year he went to Kokand, fought in the Pamirs—the 'roof of the world'—and in the country of Kublai Khan. He rode 2,500 miles on horseback, came back, wrote a book and won the gold medal of the Geographical Society. He entered the war with Turkey as a lieutenant and emerged from it a colonel. 'For God, the Czar and country' was the motive of all his deeds, and this faithfulness was not without its effect. Slowly he rose on the ladder of advancement, until in 1898 he was made absolute master, under the Czar, of the armies of all the Russias. Kuropatkin's rank will probably give him command of the allied forces in China."

The Shah is making a better impression in Europe than his father did. The late Shah was a coarse barbarian who had sheep slaughtered in his bedroom and who always cleared his plate of remnants by throwing them under the table. Several ducal houses where he followed these interesting customs had to be renovated after his departure. The present Shah lives and eats like a European and even plays golf.

The Chinese fighting man of 1894-95 deserves a better reputation than the world has been wont to give him. At the battle of the Yalu he bore himself so well that the Japanese fleet was very willing to let go of him, whereupon he sailed to Port Arthur unpursued. Moukden was held by the Manchus against the whole army of Yamagata. Despite lack of preparation China was by no means a despicable foe.

If China is permanently held by foreign powers, as it ought to be, the last populous terra incognita will soon be opened up. By that we mean Thibet. Not more than one white man has ever seen its capital, Lhasa, and there is but a superficial knowledge in the outside world of its geography. This mysterious land would not stay mysterious very long after China's partition had been achieved.

No good Bryanite sleeps without looking under the bed for that American Emperor.

[illegible] footing in this canvass without leaning on a broken Reed.

When fakes are running light at Shanghai it is always easy to discover traces of Andree in the far North.

If the vagrant Japs could be sentenced to so many days or weeks at building roads, there would soon be an end to plantation truancy.

The plague is raging in Smyrna but the ordinary Smyrna rug of commerce is not likely to carry anything worse than mumps and other Connecticut diseases.

If Singapore has quarantined against Manila on account of the plague, transports coming this way will need all the watching the quarantine officials can bestow.

Admiral Dewey and Grover Cleveland are among the well-known Democrats who are not yet on record with a message of congratulation to Col. Bryan.

What time the Democratic campaign managers are not stultifying their party record on expansion they are trying to defend their own records about trusts.

Judging from the trouble John Wise's unwise silver plank is giving the Democracy, John's chance in the next Democratic convention will probably be farmed out to a deaf and dumb foreigner.

The death of Lord Chief Justice Russell removed a public man whose many visits to the United States and whose participation in certain public ceremonies here, had made him a familiar and honored figure to Americans.

McKinley's ultimatum to China ought to decide the extra session issue. The demand is that the attacks by Imperial troops on the legations shall cease. If they do not cease then there will be a clear casus belli which Congress will have to deal with.

There is no remedy for train robbery except a train crew that will fight. Let a given train acquire a fighting reputation and it will be let alone. It is the sheeply meekness of conductor, brakemen and engineers that permits bandits to go through a string of Pullmans, robbing the drowsy passengers.

Ashanti may have to be reconquered. The natives are as numerous, active and well-armed as they were before the capture of Kumassi and have gained in fighting prowess. All that represents British ownership are a few endangered garrisons. Later on, when the South African war is over, a second Ashanti expedition may be fitted out.

The fleet of American yachts at the Cowes regatta is becoming a feature of the show. It is quite the thing for rich New Yorkers to take their floating palaces across the sea and exhibit them at all the great marine tournaments. Probably more of them can be found in the Mediterranean run-ways than in American waters. Few if any ever come to the Pacific.

A New Orleans mob lately burned a magnificent school building where the education of negroes had been provided for in the will of a philanthropist of their own race. By some oversight the mob failed to roast the teachers at the stake. We note, however, the usual expressions of regret in the New Orleans press that the allies have not yet succeeded in quelling the murderous Boxers.

Advantages of City and County government:

More officials.

Disadvantages of City and County government:

Higher taxes.

Higher rents due to higher taxes.

Higher price for goods sold in stores on which higher taxes are paid.

Less money for improvements.

Ring rule.

The Duke of Manchester has been eager for some years to marry a rich American girl and at one time was thought to be engaged to Miss Goelet. It is now reported that he will wed a Miss Zimmerman, a beer heiress of Cincinnati. The Duke is half an American, his mother having been born in the United States, but that is his only recommendation. The condolences of her countrymen will go with the bride.

Naval Constructor Hobson's desire to lead a force in the China war met a cold rebuff from Admiral Remey. It is an open secret that the old liners of the Navy were displeased that Hobson, then of the staff, should have been given the Merrimac detail; and they were vastly disgusted, as were most other people, with Hobson's subsequent kissing tour. Hence the way his appeals for active service now fall on deaf ears.

Judge Humphreys has made the very proper rule that witnesses, appearing before the Grand Jury, shall be sworn to secrecy. It is obvious that, if the news of coming indictments is permitted to leak out the persons wanted have a chance to escape. So have needed witnesses in pending investigations. The Grand Jury, properly organized, is a true Star Chamber and anything that gives premature publicity to its work is an interference with the course of the law.

English public opinion is naturally impatient over the delay in closing up the Boer war but, as in the case of the protracted Philippine war, nobody seems to be censurable. The best military talent cannot easily cope with small mounted bands, familiar with the country where operations are carried on, always on the go and having the sympathetic good will of the inhabitants. Lord Roberts and General MacArthur are in the same predicament that worsted Napoleon's Marshals in Spain though it may be said of them that they stand a fair chance of getting out of it with colors flying.

A SALE OF THE LAND

Law on Purchase Leases Settled.

NO FIVE-YEAR LIMITATION

Government Receives Ruling From Washington—Meeting of Council Yesterday.

The first Governor's council in two weeks was held yesterday morning, with a full attendance of departmental heads.

A letter from Assistant Secretary of the Interior Ryan was read by Governor Dole in regard to a letter from the latter in the matter of right of purchase leases and homestead leases. The opinion from the Department practically sets for that the law in the organic act required the Government not to make a lease of agricultural lands for a longer period than five years, but did not appy in this case as they practically considered it a sale of the land. It was held that they were not leases but fee simple titles payable in installments.

Treasurer Lansing presented an application from A. B. Hewitt, of Waianae, for a light wine and beer license. This was granted.

H. J. Harrison of Lahaina made an application for a similar license. A protest petition signed by citizens of Lahaina was also read. The remonstrance was given the preference and practically shuts out the applicant from receiving a license.

The Leslie land matter in Chinatown was again brought up, and a letter from J. M. Monsarrat, attorney for Leslie, was read. Action was deferred.

Upon motion, the Attorney General was requested to render an opinion as to whether the Legislature, if it meets after January 1, 1901, can raise the rate of taxation and have it take effect as of January 1.

Mr. McCandless read an application from Mr. Hoffman, manager of the new brewery, in which he requested the right to run a drain pipe from their place to the Government ditch in Kewalo. The drainage is to be clear water from the condenser plant. It was recommended by the meeting that the company be permitted to carry out their plan.

LEGAL HOLIDAY

They Want Labor Day so Declared.

Workingmen's Committee Will Confer With Governor Dole in Matter Today.

Yesterday morning a sub-committee of the general Labor Day celebration committee, composed of Messrs. E. H. May, J. J. Ryan and John Lund, called on Governor Dole to request him to designate Monday, September 3rd, a legal or public holiday, to be known as labor day.

It was agreed that the general committee wait on the Governor at the Capitol, to-day at noon. Permission will be asked for the use of the Government band and the drill shed for the purpose of holding a ball on the evening of September 3rd. An effort will also be made to secure the Fire Department as a feature of the parade.

The following members of the general committee will assemble at the band stand of the Capitol this morning at a few minutes before noon:

E. H. May, machinists; J. H. Conners, plumbers; J. J. Ryan, boiler makers; J. Kosick, bricklayers; H. C. Reed, pattern makers; J. P. Rasmussen, sailors; J. Santos, barbers; D. Curran, marine engineers; Geo. Crozier, blacksmiths; P. Bolles, harness makers; John Lund, painters; F. H. Hitch, sailmakers; W. A. Roberts, O. R. & L. Co.; L. F. Wolf, electricians; James Kinslea, pressmen; James O'Reilly, plasterers, and W. M. Villinsworth, carpenters. E. H. May is the chairman and Geo. R. Stoll the secretary.

Maui Postoffice.

(Special Correspondence.)

WAILUKU, Maui, August 18.—United States Postoffice Inspector Hall has been making a tour of Maui postoffices during the last week or two. He states that there has been more trouble about securing postmasters for Maui than for any other island, but that now all the offices on Maui are provided for except in a few localities of meager population where is was discovered that the present incumbents being Hawaiians could not read and write English. Quite a number of these small offices will be discontinued.

When mention is made of the small salaries of postmasters, Mr. Hall's answer is that the United States make no profit from the fourth class offices, that everything is given to the postmaster, and that if a community wishes a post office, it is their duty to secure some reliable man to take charge of it; if they do not do so, they are the losers.

The soothing and healing properties of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, its pleasant taste and prompt and permanent cures, have made it a great favorite with the people everywhere. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for H. I.

LAID TO REST

The Funeral of Mrs. J. K. Farley.

Sister of W. O. Smith Buried at Koloa, Kauai, in the Family Vault.

(Special Correspondence.)

KOLOA, Kauai, August 9.—The funeral of the late Mrs. J. K. Farley took place at Koloa at 2 p. m. August 17. The services were held in the Koloa church, built by her father, and were conducted by Rev. J. M. Lydgate, assisted by Rev. Hans Isenberg and Rev. [illegible]. Special music was rendered by the Koloa choir. The remains were interred in the little family cemetery in the old [illegible] garden. There was a large attendance of friends from all over the island and many Hawaiians, Chinese, Japanese and Portuguese from Koloa, whose families she had befriended. The short address by Mr. Lydgate was substantially as follows:

There are types of character like pictures we have seen. One is finished, exquisite, dainty; every detail of light and shadow and shape is perfect. The other is bold and vigorous, without lacking in finish. It impresses one mainly by its strength. To this latter class belonged the late Mrs. Farley. To the graces of ordinary womanhood she added the rarer gifts of enthusiasm, energy and executive ability. Many a girl—most girls, perhaps—would have been content with the social and domestic duties or the pleasures and recreations of life, and would have avoided the heavy responsibility of trying to shape and mould a people for good. But she belonged to a strong family with a fine tradition of character and influence to maintain, and when the older members of the family were called away to larger spheres, and the needs and afflictions of a dependent race called for help, she was not the one to shrink with timid, mock modesty from the task. She put aside her girlhood dreams and bravely, ardently and self-sacrificingly put her shoulder to the wheel, and with counsel, inspiration, sympathy and means, she ministered to and labored for the Hawaiian people—the beloved people for whom so many of that family have given their strength and even their lives. If she made mistakes—shall that count against her? Who of us is infallible? The man who makes no mistakes is the man who does nothing. In a transition stage, when new conditions and new problems are arising, it is easy to make mistakes, and for fear of making them the weak or timid nature shrinks back and does nothing. Hers was a strong nature that grappled with the problems and sought to solve them even at the risk of making mistakes. As one who has worked with her intimately during four years, I wish to bear witness to her unfaltering zeal for the practical Kingdom of God and the well-being of the Hawaiian people, and, further, to add that though there were frequently differences of opinion there was never a harsh or impatient word.

There are many gracious and comforting things that might be said to her intimate friends—many beautiful traits of character that might be dwelt upon—were there time or were it proper to prolong this service. Your own memories will recall many. I will refer to but one thing more—the gracious and liberal dispensation of the hospitalities—the traditional hospitalities—of an ancient family. I suppose there is almost no living memory of bygone Koloa that does not recall the pleasant picture of the open door and hearty welcome of the Smith home, across the way, and surely there is no fresh memory of the house that does not enshrine Juliette Smith, or Mrs. Farley, as the center of a solicitous, generous and sensible hospitality.

In what is perhaps the most significant of His parables Christ sums up the essence of Christianity—yea, of all religion—in the one sentence, "Inasmuch as ye did it unto one of the least of these my brethren, ye did it unto me," and adds thereto the promise of the inheritance of the kingdom prepared for them from the foundation of the world. There are some of the least of these brethren here today; there are many in this community, who will bear witness, "Lord, she ministered unto me."

Surely the whispered prayer of the little girl the other morning when she heard that she was dead—"I hope God will be as good to her in Heaven as she has been to us here"—surely this prayer will be answered, is already answered, and now in Heaven she beholds her Master face to face and awaits the coming of her beloved ones left behind.

ALL DIFFICULTIES NEARLY OVERCOME

The Wireless Telegraph That Will Soon Be In Operation.

As soon as the Maui station is in shape and repairs have been made to the pole at the Mahukona station, communication will be complete by wireless telegraphy between Honolulu and Hilo. Manager Cross and Messrs. Bowden and Fiels the experts have returned from a tour of the different stations, and report that the work of putting the instruments in place on [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Judge Little of Hilo is in the city.

[illegible]

Miss Mary Chillingworth [illegible]

Mrs. Marion W. Mendry [illegible]

[illegible]

"Actions of the Just Smell Sweet."

The fragrance of life is bright and [illegible]. [illegible] Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies, vitalizes and enriches the blood, gives a good appetite and makes [illegible]

[illegible]

Hood's Sarsaparilla

[illegible]

The Elgin

WORLD'S STANDARD FOR TIME KEEPING.

Should be in the pocket of every owner of a Watch.

Many years' handling of Watches convinces us that price considered, the Elgin is the most satisfactory of American Watches.

Cased in

NICKLE, SILVER, GOLD FILLED AND SOLID GOLD.

We have a full line and sell them at right prices.

ELGINS reach us right.

ELGINS reach you right.

Elgins stand for what is right in time keeping and lasting qualities and that is why we are right in pushing the Elgin Watch.

H. F. WICHMAN

BOX 342.

Wilder's Steamship Co. Ltd

[illegible]

During

[illegible]

National Cash Registers.

[illegible]

FRED T. P. WATERHOUSE, Sales Agent.

Pacific Mail Steamship Company,

Occidental & Oriental Steamship Co.

and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

Steamers of the above Companies will call at Honolulu and leave this Port on or about the dates below mentioned:

For Japan and China.	For San Francisco.
[illegible]	[illegible]

FOR GENERAL INFORMATION, APPLY TO

H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd.

AGENTS.

MAUI WANTS TO LAUGH

Yearns For a Circus or "Sich."

EVEN A BEAR WOULD DO

Wailuku Bemoans the Lack of Amusement—News of the Little Island.

WAILUKU, Maui, August 18.—The News says: Some sort of amusement or recreation is an absolute need of every healthy individual and community. Even the wandering bear and trained dog satisfy a certain well defined need in the human mind and heart, if nothing more entertaining presents itself. A circus, a panorama or even a ragtime minstrel troupe brings a species of irrigation to the mental tap roots of the isolated community, which inclines to wither without some such awakening occasionally. The young men of Wailuku should take advantage of this need for amusement, and improvise theatricals, dances, picnics and whatever else will occasionally turn the minds of the people into new channels for a few hours.

CHINESE MISSION SCHOOL.

A school for Chinese Mission children in Wailuku will be an excellent thing, abounding in mental and spiritual fruit sweet to the taste. But it would be a supremely stupid thing to establish such a school in the site now proposed, near the junction of Market and Main streets, just across from a whiskey house, and not very far from where in the natural course of events in a few years, the Wailuku Railroad depot will have to be established, and worst still, on the principal business street of the town. Establish the Mission school permanently, by all means, but please don't put it near the corner of Main and Market. There are better and more appropriate places in Wailuku for it.

WANT PICTURES "SOON."

Wanted, a photographic gallery. There is a first class opening at Wailuku for a skilful photographer. A shrewd Yankee with plenty of snap,—no pun intended,—could locate at Wailuku and build up a fine business. There has been a gallery here until recently when it was given up by the operator on account of the weight of years, thus leaving an excellent chance for a first class operator.

TAKE YOUR HOLIDAY.

If we might offer a word of advice to the young men of Honolulu who hold clerical positions in business houses, we would suggest that if by any possible means they can get a vacation, they should avail themselves of it at once, for the simple reason that there is a rush of business soon coming to the Islands that will severely tax their strength for the next few months. Even the burly-burly of an election is not going to stay the tide of business whose crest is even now sighted in the offing.

LABOR SCARCE.

The "traveling mania," which has taken hold of the Japanese laborers at Spreckelsville still seems to hold its own, very many of the Japanese leaving the plantation by every steamer for Honolulu and not a few for the Coast. Grinding is still going on, but not nearly as actively as it might be, owing to the scarcity of labor. Last week, notwithstanding the shortage of laborers, the mills were kept going in full operation both night and day, this being one of the most successful weeks since the big strike. Planting is being pushed forward as rapidly as can be expected under the circumstances.

The Hilo papers are complaining, and justly too, that there is not proper expedition shown in the matter of forwarding the mails from Honolulu, and that the same dilatory method marks the entire route of the mails. We respectfully invite the attention of the U. S. Inspector now on Maui to certain little irregularities in the matter of handling the mails between Wailuku and the several seaports from which we receive our mails. Of course there were bound to be some hitches in changing the postal system, but those troubles are about over, and now we have a right to expect a more rapid and systematic handling of the mails than has prevailed for the last few months.

VISITING SPRECKELSVILLE.

Messrs. Husted and Grimwood were guests of Manager Lowrie at his Spreckelsville residence, for several days. Mr. Grimwood is the representative of the large machinery firm of Grimwood and Richardson. Both gentlemen have been all through the mills and over the large plantation and express much delight and pleasure with their visit. On Friday, they left for Lahaina.

SCHOOL AGENT McKAY.

The selection of W. A. McKay as school agent for the Wailuku district was a wise one. A number of the school buildings in his district are in serious need of repairs, and there is no doubt but that he will have them put in proper order. The school at Waihee especially is in a disgraceful condition, and he has already accepted bids for having it properly repaired. Let the good work go on.

PAIA NOTES.

Paia plantation mill shut down last Saturday for the season, with a record of nearly 8,000 tons. The concert given for the benefit of the Paia Church on Saturday was quite a success, artistically and financially. Mr. S. Kamakaia and Mrs. Saffery and Misses Rogers, Pihi and Kekipi, and the Sunday School furnished the music. Another entertainment will be given at the same place for the same purpose on Friday, August 17. Mr. W. G. Scott was married to Miss Virginia Freitas at Paia last Sunday at noon, Rev. E. G. Beckwith performing the ceremony. Mr. Cyrus Green was "best man" and Miss Ida Freitas was bridesmaid.

SMALL THINGS.

Mr. Frank Damon and Rev. J. W. Russell left Maui for Hawaii on the Kinau on Tuesday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Hagenkamp of Kaunakakai are the guests of Mrs. E. K. Vander Naillen at her residence in Spreckelsville.

The launch Talulah, formerly of the Maunalei plantation, will arrive at Kahului to-morrow to be used as a harbor boat pending the completion of the steam tug.

The steep ascent from the Iao bridge to upper Market street has been lowered materially and a six inch gravel road bed will be laid the entire length of the street.

Met After Thirteen Years.

PHOENIX, (A. T.), August 8.—There was a dramatic scene here last night when William Johnson met his son, J. A. Johnson, for the first time in thirteen years. J. A. Johnson is a wealthy sugar plantation owner of Honolulu, and came to Phoenix in response to a message stating that his father was dying. The sick man did not recognize his son and fainted when his identity was discovered. Johnson's health is improved to-day and he will leave with his son for Honolulu. Both men were former residents of San Francisco.

VICTOR EMANUEL TAKES THE OATH

A Scene of Splendor and Enthusiasm in the Parliament.

ROME, August 9.—King Victor Emanuel III took the formal constitutional oath today before Parliament. The Senate chamber was draped with mourning, the benches and tribunes being covered with black furnishings, bordered with silver. The chamber was filled with Senators and Deputies, royal missions, high officials of State, and the diplomatic corps. The booming of cannon announced the departure of the royal party from the Quirinal.

All along the route large crowds were assembled and gave the new King an ovation. He was received on the steps of the Senate by the committees of the Chambers of Deputies and Senate in a pavilion specially erected and handsomely decorated.

When the cortege entered the Senate chamber, the King, being accompanied by the Duke of Aosta, the Count of Turin and the Duke of Genoa, the Deputies and Senators arose and then began a long and exciting scene of enthusiasm. His Majesty later took the oath and delivered an address. The weather was beautiful.

Must Know English

A number of Portuguese and one Englishman applied to Judge Estee for naturalization papers on Saturday and all but one of them succeeded in demonstrating that they were fit to become Americans. This one was John Fernandez who had to admit when he was questioned that he was not able to read or write English, so he was refused citizenship. The other more fortunate ones were: John Chaslius, C. A. Vieira, M. G. Fanet Anna, Jona Moniz, M. A. Silva, and Charles A. Birch.

OAHU'S NEW PRESIDENT WHO IS SOON TO ARRIVE



CHICAGO, August 10.—Arthur Maxson Smith, who took his doctor's degree today at the University of Chicago, will soon occupy the position of president of Oahu College at Honolulu. His recommendation for a position at the head of the leading school in Hawaii was made by Dr. Harper at the request of the trustees of the island college.

Smith is a Californian and took his first collegiate degree, that of bachelor of arts, at Pomona College and followed it up with a course at the University of Chicago, where, after two years, he was graduated from the divinity school.

In 1896 he was called to the pastorate of the Baptist Church at Marshall, Mich., which he held for two years, and in 1898 he went back to the University of Chicago in order to take some advanced studies in theology and religious work.

Last June the master's degree was conferred upon him, and to-day he was given his doctor's degree in theology and philosophy. Smith will leave for Honolulu on September 6th. He is married and has two children. His wife is a graduate of Wesleslev College.

JUDGE LITTLE RULES ON COSTS

The Hilo Jurist Fixes Cour Figures To Suit Himself.

HILO, August 18.—Judge Little of the Fourth Circuit Court has given a decision of some importance in the matter of depositing fees. Hitherto the custom has been to compel attorneys to deposit $35 when any suit has been begun so as to ensure costs being paid, but by a ruling of Judge Humphreys of the First Circuit Court at Honolulu this was somewhat modified, that gentleman permitting many cases to be begun without the whole amount of the fees being deposited.

Judge Little comes out now with a new order. He announces that the amount necessary in equity cases shall be $20, in divorce cases $20, and in law cases $25. No case shall proceed to trial, he announces, until all arrearages in costs shall have been made up.

JUDGE HARDY ILL.

The Kauai Jurist Will Take An Enforced Vacation.

News comes from Kauai in a letter to Henry Smith, clerk of the Judiciary department, from H. D. Wishard, clerk of the Kauai courts, that Judge Hardy is quite ill and has not been able to attend to the work of his court for some time. Mr. Wishard says that it seems certain that Judge Hardy will not be able to hold court next term.

Mr. Wishard pays a pleasant tribute to Judge Hardy, saying of him: "He is the most valuable citizen we have here as well as being a judge of marked ability and can ill be spared. He gives free every year thousands of dollars worth of legal advice to Hawaiians or to any one else asking it."

Judge Hardy is being urged to take a six months vacation and to go to the Coast to recuperate. He expects to come to Honolulu as soon as he is able to travel.

The next term of the Fifth Circuit Court will begin on the first week of September and it is probable that one of the judges of the First Circuit will go to Kauai to replace Judge Hardy.

REST



"If I could only get a little rest." How many tired women say this! They are exhausted, depressed, discouraged. Even after sleeping they find themselves just as tired as before. Not a part of the body escapes from the hard aches and pains. You should have all impurities removed from your blood and your nerves greatly strengthened.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

brings rest and refreshing sleep. Your nervousness disappears and your great unrest passes away.

Of course you know this is so, for you have heard all about Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Ask your doctor if it isn't the best Sarsaparilla in the world. Even your druggist will tell you "It's the oldest and the best."

If you are constipated, take Ayer's Pills. They greatly aid the Sarsaparilla.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

RICH ESTATE FOR A HONOLULU MAN

Emmet Bundock Leaves To Claim Share of English Millions.

Emmet Bundock, who for something over two years has been in the employ of McCandless brothers in this city, believes that he is one of the heirs to an estate in England valued at $1,700,000, and he will leave for London within the next week or so accompanied by his father, J. S. Bundock of Sacramento county, California, to look after his interest.

The estate to which Mr. Bundock thinks he is entitled consists of the property of the Diester family in England. It was last in possession of Mr. Bundock's grandmother. She died recently leaving three sons, of whom Mr. Bundock is the second. The eldest son was in the British army and died without laying claim to the inheritance. The other children are in Sacramento county, California, to which locality they all emigrated years ago. J. S. Bundock learned recently of the death of his eldest brother without laying claim to the property, and he at once took steps to ascertain his chances for securing it. A London solicitor wrote that his title was clear and he at once started for England, intending to go by the way of Honolulu and the Orient, taking his son with him. Arriving here he changed his plans and will go to England by way of San Francisco and New York. Mr. Bundock and his father will leave either by the China today, or by the Doric next week.

J. L. Kaulukou, the well known Hawaiian attorney, is suffering from iritis, and is under the care of Dr. Howard, the oculist. Mr. Kaulukou hopes to be able to attend to his business in another week.

GRAND JURY FOR KINNEY

Wilcox Won't Try Gill Libel.

HE THROWS OUT THE SUIT

The Editor of the Republican Discharged in District Court Yesterday.

The criminal libel suit brought by W. A. Kinney against E. S. Gill, editor of the Republican, occupied the greater part of the forenoon in Judge Wilcox's Court yesterday. Defendant was represented by Frederick W. Hankey and J. A. Magoon, E. B. McClanahan and H. A. Bigelow appearing in behalf of the complainant.

The case drew the attention of a large crowd of spectators, including a number of prominent members of the bar who were summoned to appear as witnesses. Counsel for the defense opened the case by a plea for discharge on the ground of non-jurisdiction of the District Court on the ruling recently made by Judge Humphreys, wherein a large number of cases likewise brought before the lower court should have been brought at once to a jury trial instead of the District Judge committing them for trial before the Circuit Court. Inasmuch as the Grand Jury system had been extended to Hawaii, Mr. Hankey contended that that body was the one which should hear the complaint as an original jury and declare whether or not the crime with which the defendant was charged was indictable or not.

Mr. Hankey dwelt upon the question of the legality of the case being brought in the Police Court and cited authorities and the Constitution of the United States to show that an infamous crime, as libel has been characterized, was a case for the jurisdiction of the Grand Jury or the higher courts.

Defendant's counsel entered an objection against the complaint being admitted before the Court on the ground that it was an amended complaint and had not been duly sworn to. Judge Wilcox interrupted Mr. Hankey by stating that the charge would have to be spread on the record book. Mr. Hankey again objected to such a proceeding, and asked the dismissal of the case on the ground that the complaint should be sworn to as required by law as laid down by certain eminent authorities which he named. Mr. McClanahan informed Mr. Hankey they were proceeding under the local law. Mr. Hankey reiterated that the defendant was not in the jurisdiction of the Court.

Defendant's answer to the charge of libel against him was embodied in the argument made for his discharge. It read in part: "Now comes the defendant and protests that he is not guilty of the offense charged in the complaint; it appears upon the face of this complaint that this honorable Court is without jurisdiction in such cases for the following reason: (1) The complainant herein charges the defendant with an infamous crime, for which defendant can be arraigned or tried only upon presentment of an indictment by the Grand Jury. (2) That the punishment and penalty which may be visited upon one convicted are infamous. (3) That the offense as charged is such that the defendant is entitled to a jury trial and that this Court is not empowered by law to grant defendant that right. Defendant therefore asks that he be discharged."

Upon the assumption that the penalty by which defendant could be sent to the prison for a term would subject him to various classes of degradation, Mr. Hankey went into details as to the garb, fare, lock-step and various other features which are known to the regulations of every prison, and claimed that by such reasoning if the defendant could be subjected to such indignities, then the crime he was charged with, was an infamous one, which he contended his client was not guilty of.

He stated that the Grand Jury was in session and the complaint should be made to that body. It could be done within a few hours if necessary. In conclusion, he asked for the discharge of his client from the jurisdiction of the District Court. J. A. Magoon followed up Mr. Hankey's argument.

W. A. Kinney spoke in his own behalf, claiming that the District Court Judge had the power and right under the local statutes to try and commit the defendant to a trial jury in the higher court. The argument closed by Judge Wilcox making the following statement:

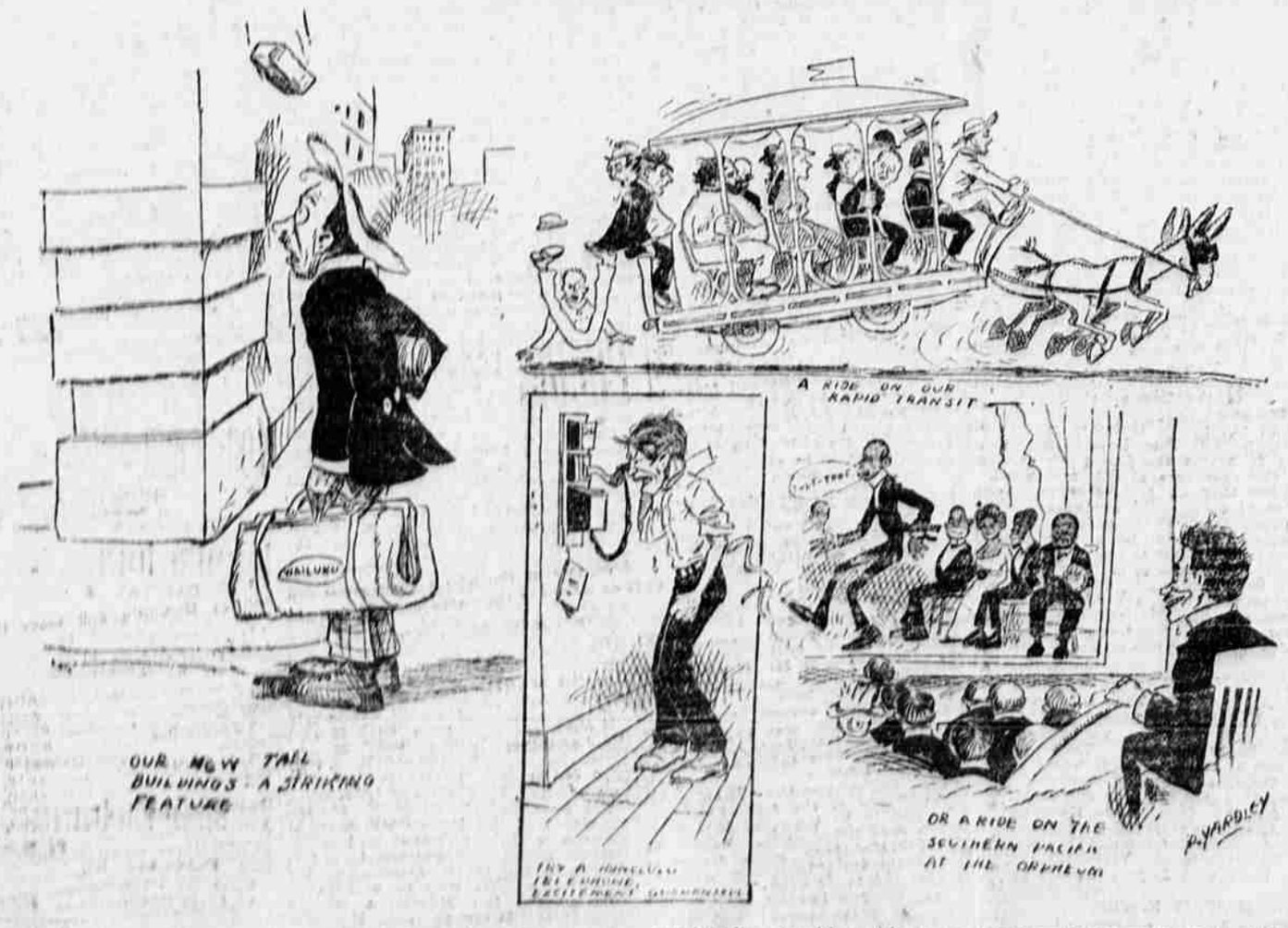
"I sustain the plea of counsel for the defense. I think this is a case where the defendant can be taken directly before the Grand Jury. The Attorney General has advocated that plan, and I therefore decline to commit the defendant, and I discharge him."

Mr. Kinney stated after Police Court adjourned that he would have the matter brought to the attention of the Attorney General and if possible have a complaint issued through him to cause Mr. Gill's appearance before the Grand Jury. In stating his opinion as to the result of the hearing yesterday morning before Judge Wilcox, Mr. Kinney said:

"The Grand Jury was good enough for me in the first instance, particularly as the article complained of attacked the integrity of a body of men both on the bench and bar, my belief being that the accusation was so wide that it called for a general investigation, which could only properly be made by a body possessing the powers of the Grand Jury. The charge of Judge Humphreys to the Grand Jury, which followed my open letter, led me to suspend any attempt to enlist the action of the Grand Jury for the time being, and led me to press the proceedings in the District Court. The defendant in that court has now urged that the Grand Jury has exclusive jurisdiction over the charge made against the defendant, and perhaps the defendant is right from a legal standpoint. The result is that I shall feel free now to make direct application to the Grand Jury.

"Judge Wilcox declined to commit the defendant for trial, on the sole ground that the Grand Jury was in session and the matter could be taken direct to that body, so that nothing now seems in the way of a consideration of the whole matter by the Grand Jury. The defendant says he wants it; I have always wanted it, and the district magistrate says that he declines to consider the matter, leaving it to the consideration of the Grand Jury. Under these circumstances I have no doubt the Grand Jury will take action."

HONOLULU OFFERS OPPORTUNITIES TO THE UNFORTUNATE MAUIITES



MAUI wants to laugh. Life for the inhabitants of the windward dot upon the sea is flat, stale and unprofitable. Prosperity is not lacking to the Maulites, but amusement is not to be found. Editor Robertson of the Maui News—who is also district magistrate, mine host of the inn, proprietor of the printing establishment and a principal protector of the Island's interests—editorialized on the matter in his last issue as follows:

"Some sort of amusement or recreation is an absolute need of every healthy individual and community. Even the wandering bear and trained dog satisfy a certain well-defined need in the human mind and heart, if nothing more entertaining presents itself. A circus, a panorama or even a ragtime minstrel troupe brings a species of irrigation to the mental tap roots of the isolated community, which inclines to wither without some such awakening occasionally. The young men of Wailuku should take advantage of this need for amusement, and improvise theatricals, dances, picnics and whatever else will occasionally turn the minds of the people into new channels for a few hours."

Above the Advertiser cartoonist offers suggestions to the Maulites. Let them come to Honolulu when the yearning for something to see and amuse strikes them. The earnest efforts of the horseless streetcars of Honolulu to hold the full value of the vehicle and mules on each trip would make even a Wailukan grin to replication, and if each visitor brought a wisp of hay for the unfortunate mule, perhaps the animal might also be persuaded to smile.

The dozens of tall buildings now rising in Honolulu will be an impressive and instructive sight for the Maui mourners and a week might be well spent in "rubbernecking" about the city.

OBEDIENCE OR DEATH

Olaa Japanese Kills His Wife.

SHE OPPOSED HIS WILL

Trifling Leak Raises Rumor of Break in the Plantation Dam--Small Fire.

(Special Correspondence.)

OLAA PLANTATION, August 11.—Olaa suffered by a murder and a very threatening but not disastrous fire last week. The fire was in the Japanese quarters at Nine Miles and one house was almost totally destroyed, together with the effects of the lodgers. The murder was a typical Japanese affair and took place on the Wakefield tract, mauka of the Half-way House. The murderer admits the killing and in explanation says that for some time past he has been desirous of going to Maui to live but his wife objected. This aroused his suspicions and he pressed her to go with him, but she refused. Last Thursday night he made a final appeal and she, refusing again, he drew a knife and stabbed her several times in the throat. After he had hacked at her for a time and she showed no signs of life, he left her and proceeded to the store of Frank Sakamaki at Nine Miles and told his story, when he was advised to surrender himself to the police. He agreed to do this and Sakamaki telephoned to the Sheriff's office and also to Captain Hitchcock, who took him to Hilo. He is very philosophical about it, saying that when a wife won't obey her husband, death should follow.

ORIGINAL WATER LOCATIONS JUSTIFIED.

Surveyor Howland has just completed his preliminary survey of the lines of Olaa and this work has necessarily taken him up hill and down dale, where there were forests, and in some stony places, and he was watchful of water signs." He states that the only places he came across where there were any tangible evidences, were in the vicinity of the mauka reservoirs already located by the company, in and around the upper tracts, thus showing that the judgment of the original prospectors was of the best. As large royalties are obtainable by such discoveries Mr. Howland, with his chain, line and transit forces were constantly on watch, but say the others "had been there too early in the game."

THE BREAKING OF A DAM AND A COMMANDMENT.

Considerable alarm was created at headquarters during the week by a report that the embankment of the upper reservoirs had given away and that the whole structure was in danger. Manager McStocker, with a sinking feeling and an opening of his pores, in unison with the leaking dam, hastened to the scene of the reported danger. Then was his fear changed to wrath and some of the bystanders say "cuss-words" were used. A clumsy tree-puller named Howitt had in some way left a felled tree across the bank, to collect Ia-Ia vines, and the chafing roots of the derelict had bored a small hole or escape vent along the top of the bank, giving channel for a small stream. The damage was soon repaired, and a cold dinner didn't effectually dam another stream of "cusswords."

JUSTICE JAUNTING.

Chief Justice and Mrs. Frear, with Deputy Sheriff Lyman were here yesterday on their way to Puna and from thence to the Volcano. They have been making a cross-country tour of the Island on horseback and are reaping every advantage of such a trip. They came here from Kaumana, where they viewed the headwaters of the Olaa supply, and on their way back from Puna they will make a thorough visit to Olaa. Mrs. Frear is in excellent health and says that she is enjoying the trip and benefiting from her close observation.

Chief Engineer Kluegel has left for a three months' vacation on the Mainland.

Editor Stacker of the Herald, and family, have taken quarters mauka of Mountain View, and the ozone of the higher altitudes increases his pity for Hilo calorics.

Mr. Rycroft, from Puna, was in Olaa today. He says they have 400 acres planted. Labor is scarce.

Nature is the best luna now working on the "Big Plantation," and is steadily sending the cane skywards, where it will take the stock next year.

Miss A. Perry, sister of Justice Perry, left Olaa today for Honolulu. She has been for a week the guest of Mrs. J. F. Clay, and has enjoyed the visit.

Business men of Hilo and their families are going and coming on the railroad every day paying long deferred visits along the Volcano route.

DAN D. PENN.

Hard Fighting in Kumassi.

BAKWAI, August 11.—A column of 700 men under Colonel Burrows has returned from Kumassi, having reinforced and rerationed the fort for two months. The force attacked and destroyed three old blockades after a desperate bayonet charge in which four officers and thirty-four native soldiers were wounded and three killed. On the night of August 7th Colonel Burrows attacked an Ashanti war camp near Kumassi, surprising the camp and bayonetting the enemy. Great numbers were slain, without a gun being fired. A lieutenant was killed and two men were wounded.

Other flying columns are going out, and it is believed that the punishment inflicted will not soon be forgotten, though several defeats are still needed to clear the country south of Kumassi of the rebels.

Paia Land Sale.

(Special Correspondence.)

WAILUKU, Maui, August 15.—During the week, C. H. Dickey sold to F. G. Correa for $1,600 three acres of land in Paia together with the improvements which consist of four buildings, viz: two dwelling houses, the tax assessor's offices, and Paia hall.

Since Kahului Railroad Company has decided to build its permanent depot near Paia mill instead of at the old location, land values in vicinity of the burned depot have decreased.

LABORERS LOAF; PLANTERS PAY

Japanese Desert Jobs To Sit Still.

HILO INVOKES VAGRANCY LAW

Rainy City Kicks About Mail Service--General News Of Hawaii.

HILO, Hawaii, August 18.—The Herald and Tribune have the following:

From nearly every plantation comes the report that the laborers have become surly since their contracts were cancelled. In many instances they have given up work and settled in near by towns doing principally nothing. For several years Honolulu has been infested by hordes of Oriental loafers who live upon fallen women. Hilo has not reached that stage yet, but is rapidly getting there, and the people ask for a remedy or a preventative. There is a vagrancy law on the statutes that is almost a dead letter, whereas if it was enforced to the limit the towns would be rid of the loafing element and the plantations would have all the laborers they require. There is work and plenty of it for every Japanese who crowds into the alleged hotels on Front street, and some effort should be made to convince them that they are liable to prosecution unless they show some means of support. In order to obviate difficulty with the laborers many of the plantations are entering into contracts with them for growing cane on the co-operative plan, and in one instance the terms are exceedingly favorable to the contractor, but even with this they do not seem anxious to enter into an agreement. As a rule the laborers were brought here for a specific purpose, and they should be compelled as far as possible to live up to their part of the agreement.

HAWAIIAN MAILS.

The postal service on Hawaii has not reached a point where the Island mails by an intermediate steamer may be dispatched overland the moment of arrival. On general principles the kick of a contemporary on this subject is correct, but in the particular instance referred to Mr. McKay had the Maui steam twenty-six miles additional in order that the mail might be landed at Laupahoehoe for Hilo. The steamer arrived at 2 a. m., and the mail left by regular carrier six hours later. This is a vast improvement on the old style when a mail was occasionally landed at Pepeekeo and brought into Hilo later by private enterprise. After January 1st the service will no doubt be as good if not better than it is on the Mainland in places off beaten paths.

MORE PUBLIC LANDS.

Nearly 2,000 acres of public land in North Kona, Hawaii, are to be opened up as soon as the Government can complete arrangements to that effect. Governor Dole and Land Commissioner J. F. Brown have personally investigated the matter there. The prospect for roads to the tract was looked into carefully. The land lies at an elevation of between 2,000 and 3,000 feet above the sea level and is considered splendid property. The road site will be surveyed by W. W. Bruner, who has been requested to go ahead with that work without delay. The appropriation for the road is available and nothing stands in the way of the tract being connected with the seaports. A tract of land in South Kona was also investigated for opening to the public. Nothing definite in this matter was reached.

J. F. Brown, Commissioner of Public Lands, returned from this Island to Honolulu without coming to Hilo, although there were a good many land matters upon which Land Agent Baldwin wished to consult him. The fact that there is but one commissioner now instead of three, as formerly, prevents Mr. Brown from being away from Honolulu for any great length of time. The question of the coming or not coming of the commissioner will, however, have nothing to do with the sale of the Olaa lands as advertised, in September, and Mr. Baldwin has no doubt that the "squatters" will have to pack up their household goods and get, unless they are willing to buy in at the auction, which will probably give them the land at a lower price than they can ever get it afterward.

"I don't think they can get an injunction issued," said Mr. Baldwin, "and if they should it could be as easily dissolved. The lands up to the present time have been left by Congress in the hands of the Territorial Government, and what Congress may or may not do in the future is but a matter of guess work. The United States statutes do not in the first place recognize the squatters at all, and any recognition they do receive is purely a matter of concession, as in certain cases where they have entered and made substantial and bona fide improvements, their names are sent in by the agent, and when the lands in question are to be advertised and sold according to law, they are assumed to have made application and get their legal possession in due form. Nothing analogous to that process is the case here.

KAUMANA WATERHEADS.

Chief Justice Frear and wife were taken to Kaumana by Sheriff Andrews on Tuesday to view the waterfalls of the Olaa Sugar Company. They were astonished at the volume of water obtained there, and Sheriff Andrews is of the opinion that the flow will be sufficient for the Olaa and Kaumana lands. Another waterhead in the vicinity will be utilized for irrigating some of the Pilhonua lands. Yesterday they left for Puna with Deputy Sheriff Lyman.

HAWAII NOTES.

Mr. Frank Damon, superintendent of the Chinese mission work conducted by the American board, and his assistant, Mr. Russell, arrived yesterday by the Kinau. Arrangements will be made for a union service to be held next Sunday in the interest of the work and addresses will be made by these gentlemen.

The bark Irmgard has been taken off the Hilo run for the present. It is probable Hackfeld & Co. will import direct from Europe next year.

J. G. Boreo will leave Hilo September 15, for his old home in Portugal. He will return before Christmas and bring with him a brother and sister.

Rev. E. B. Hughes of Hillsboro, Ore., who was a passenger on the Falls of Clyde, has been a guest of Mr. Crozier. He preached an excellent sermon in the Foreign Church last Sunday evening. On Wednesday morning Mr. Hughes started on a horseback trip around the Island, expecting to be absent fifteen days. On his return he expects to visit Maui and Oahu.

Arrangements are already being made for a big race meeting at Hoolulu Park on January 1 next.

Mr. and Mrs. Eccles and daughter and Dr. Schoenig, were guests at the Volcano House last Sunday.

Mrs. John D. Smith succeeded Mrs. Nova Galbraith as Worthy Matron of the Order of the Eastern Star in Hilo.

H. T. Marsh will remain here until January 1. He will engage in the real estate business with J. D. Smith.

Rev. Mr. Austin, pastor of the Foreign Church of Kohala, is the guest of Mr. Crozier. He will preach in the Foreign Church next Sunday.

Mrs. W. F. Purnwood, a sister of Mrs. C. A. Galbraith, died recently at Terrel, Texas.

Ernest H. Wodehouse, son of a former British Minister at Honolulu, is visiting in Hilo.

George Ordway will probably be in Hilo by September 1.

C. H. Brown is home again after a two weeks' visit to Honolulu.

Miss Sophie Hycroft is the guest of Miss Willis, Waiakau Lawns.

W. Hookey has purchased the Maria Lo property on Waianuenue street.

A residence for S. G. Walker, the surveyor, is being erected at Hilo Junction.

Sam Peck returned from the Capital yesterday.

Mr. Jackson did not return last night by the Kinau.

Professor Maxwell is making a professional visit to Hilo district.

United States Deputy Marshal Metz returned home last night.

H. Longton, representing the Mazeppa Gold Mining Company of California, is in Hilo.

A. F. Linder, head overseer at the American Sugar Company's plantation, has returned to Hilo.

Charles Weatherwax, representing J. J. Williams of Honolulu, will open a photograph gallery on the lot adjoining J. D. Smith's office. It will probably be open on Monday.

Captain Brown and Lieutenant Horn made a successful opium raid last Thursday night, securing 99 tins in the room of a white man. At the trial he plead guilty and paid a fine of $200.

Fujihara, the man to be executed September 21, has a death watch on him at all times. He expresses himself as entirely satisfied with his surroundings and says he is well treated.

The Japanese charged with assaulting the head luna at Laupahoehoe plantation have been convicted. Their sentences range from thirty days to eighteen months' imprisonment, with fines from $10 to $50. One man was bound over for trial.

Mrs. E. D. Baldwin returned on Wednesday from a trip to the Volcano, where she has been staying for a few weeks.

Cyril S. Smith, vice principal of the Union School, returned on Thursday for a vacation trip to North Hilo and Honokaa.

Miss Taedt, who has been engaged as nurse at the Hilo Hospital for some months, returns to the Coast by the Falls of Clyde.

Officer E. N. Hitchcock has charge of the Government reservation along the Volcano Road, upon which the Japs are inclined to make depredations.

F. W. Milverton, now in Honolulu, has been appointed by Judge Little to succeed P. Maurice McMahon as court stenographer for the Fourth Circuit. Mr. Milverton was for five years special stenographer for the Supreme Court of Utah, and comes with the highest recommendations from the judiciary of that State.

Daniel Porter, who has been for many years clerk of the court for this circuit, has resigned his position, although his resignation will not take effect until his successor shall be appointed. As yet it is not known who will receive this appointment, but probably some one from the Mainland.

Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Grant, who have been spending a couple of weeks at the Volcano House, returned to Hilo on Tuesday, and to Honolulu by yesterday's Kinau. Their many Hilo friends gave them a hearty greeting.

Miss Helen Gardner, principal of Iolani Seminary, and her sister, have been guests during the past week of Miss Benedict in Olaa. They returned to Kohala by yesterday's Kinau.

Mrs. J. W. Jakins, who has been spending several days in Hilo, returned to her home on Wednesday.

Ronald Kennedy, son of R. H. Kennedy, leaves by the next Kinau for Honolulu, whence he takes a steamer for the Coast. He returns to his studies at New Orleans.

J. H. McKenzie, cashier of Bishop & Co.'s bank, Honolulu, has been enjoying his vacation on Hawaii, and left Hilo by yesterday's Kinau. Mr. McKenzie is well known here, and has made a record for himself in Honolulu business life which is enviable.

PIONEER PLANTATION.

Assessed at Two Million Six Hundred Thousand Dollars.

(Special Correspondence.)

WAILUKU, Maui, August 18.—Wednesday, the 15th, the Tax Appeal Board of Maui, consisting of Mr. Wm. A. McKay, Charles Copp and William Decoto convened at the Lahaina court house and heard the only case of appeal in the Second Judicial District, all others having been withdrawn.

The dispute in question was concerning a million dollars, the Pioneer Plantation Company, believing that their sugar property should be valued at two instead of three million dollars as was assessed by Deputy Tax Assessor Geo. Dunn. The Board's decision was a compromise, the amount to be assessed being fixed by them at $2,600,000, and both of the interested parties were satisfied with the decision. The meeting of the Board was postponed from the 14th to the 15th owing to the absence of Mr. Copp in Honolulu. He arrived in Lahaina by the Claudine of the 14th. Tax Assessor C. H. Dickey was present at the session.

NEWS OF WORLD CONDENSED

At Home Chung is said to be dangerously ill.

Lord Salisbury is failing fast at the Cecil.

New York, August 21. Grain and flour dearer.

The Boer delegates pass into private life in Paris.

Baron Russell, chief justice of England, is dead.

Bryan will make not the slightest opposition.

A fiber plot to capture Senator Kenyon has failed.

A plot to assassinate Lord Salisbury was easily frustrated.

Nome gold amounting to $750,000 has arrived at Seattle.

The Russians used the pretense of capturing Kenoyang.

Anarchists to the number of 50 have been massacred by Kaffs.

Count Lamsdorff, the long suffering foreign minister of Russia.

The Mills observatory burned to ruin and was destroyed by fire.

There are probable rumors of the suicide of President Kruger.

The Kimball Grange college of Kansas is to close Sunday, May 26.

Hogs and cattle fell off Colorado cars at Ogden and 100 is drowned.

The Chinese have destroyed portions of the Tientsin railroad.

Good crops in the Dakotas, Kansas and Nebraska.

Singapore has no quarantine against Manila on account of the plague.

Congressman Dingley of Maine is dead.

Rev. Cyrus Hamlin, founder of Robert College, Constantinople, is dead.

Johnny Gray, a well known jockey, is dead.

Kid McCoy and Dan Creedon will fight for the championship.

George McFadden is dead.

The schooner Minnie Lee is reported lost on Behring sea. All hands saved.

Miss C. L. Macrae and Mr. Hall were married by Rev. Dr. Scudder.

The relief committee of the Johnstown engine are meeting to-day.

A United Roads Board will probably be established with the object to unify the roads of the country.

Bryan went from Indianapolis to Chicago to confer with Democratic leaders.

The surface plant of the Keyes mine at Butte, Mont., has been destroyed by fire.

The Italian Minister at Peking is reported to have left that city for Tientsin.

The Nanchang forts and the Chinese city have been taken by the Europeans.

An expedition will start from Victoria in search of gold on the Kootenai coast.

Roosevelt will speak in Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, West Virginia and New York.

The terrible heat continues in the east; hundreds are dying in the larger cities.

The Republicans of Wisconsin have nominated Robert M. La Follette for governor.

English public sentiment grows more vigorous every month against the Boers.

Members of the Populist National Committee say Bryan will be indorsed.

Mrs. Leslie Carter may now charge Mrs. Cleveland, formerly Duchess of Edinburgh, with alienating the affections of Duke Clayton.

There is danger that the Boers may be reinforced by about 1000 men in September.

Prehistoric copper relics have been found in the Tennessee bank of mound at Echo.

More than 200,000 men with 500 guns will constitute the allied force within six weeks.

It is reported that the Spanish garrison at Manila will soon be relieved by troops.

Yost broke the track record at Brighton Beach, making seven furlongs in 1:25 4-5.

The funeral of King Humbert was celebrated August 9th in Rome with great pomp.

The Pilot, with coal, which has been ashore near Pescadero, has been pulled out of sand.

U. S. S. Nashville, steamer of Cuban postal frauds will be refloated and tried in Cuba.

General Joe Wheeler made a stirring address in Chicago in favor of a large standing army.

Princeton has secured the highest award in the collegiate department of the Exposition.

President Kruger denies that he will surrender, and says the war will last a long time yet.

Admiral Watson has completed the organization of the Western Division of Cape Colony.

The Santa Fe company is after the China trade at San Francisco, and may get it very cheap.

Brown and Stevenson were formally arraigned before Justice Barnard in Chicago on August 9.

Two young men and a young woman have been arrested in Chicago for robbing hotel rooms.

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It is reported that no extra session of Congress will be called to consider the situation in Cuba.

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Mrs. Emily Smith introduced the bloomer dress in Denver, committing the first offense on the streets.

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Alliance Marine and General Assurance Co., Ltd., of London.

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Firemen's of Magdeburg General Insurance Company.

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Directors—Henry Waterhouse, Tom May, C. W. Macfarlane, E. D. Tenney, J. A. McCandless.

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Von Hamm Young Co., Ltd.

HONOLULU.

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Lancashire Insurance Company.

CAPITAL, $5,000,000.

Paid Up Capital and Funds, $1,687,162.

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Fs 33,925,134.16

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The smiles of 5 or 10 cents over a bigger pounds of coal sounds not nonsense, you as much as the quality, as your coal is done at any price.

We Carry Only the Best.

When you want the best Hay, Feed or Grain, at the Right Prices, order from

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TELEPHONE 121.

White Clover Soap.

HAVE YOU TRIED IT?

If you have, we know you will use it again. If you have not,

TRY IT

And you will surely use it again,

IT IS

A high grade Toilet Soap to sell at a low price, and absolutely harmless to the skin.

Price Per Cake 10cts.

Three Cakes For 25cts.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

FORT STREET.



DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S

Chlorodyne

Is the Original and Only Genuine

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that Dr. J. Collis BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR of CHLORODYNE; that the whole story of the defendant, Freeman, was deliberately untrue, and he ought to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 13, 1864.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Is a liquid medicine which relieves PAIN of EVERY KIND, whether of a local character or arising from a deranged condition of the system, such as NEURALGIA, HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. It is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhœa.

The General Board of Health, London, reports that it ACTS as a CHARM; one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gribble, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhœa."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in

Neuralgia, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Rheumatism.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Rapidly cuts short all attacks of

Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The immense sale of this REMEDY has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne. Sold in bottles, 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d., by all Chemists.

Sole Manufacturer:

J. T. DAVENPORT,

33 Great Russell St., London, W. C.

DIED FOR THE FLAG

Memorial to Heroes of Samoa.

CEREMONIES AT MULINUU

Monument Unveiled Near Apia to British and Americans Who Fell in Battle.

APIA, Samoa.—On Sunday, the 29th July, the Memorial Stone, which had been subscribed by the English and American ships-of-war, to the officers and men killed while engaged here during the recent troubles, was unveiled by His Excellency the Imperial Governor, in the presence of a large concourse of people at Mulinuu.

The ceremony commenced by the landing at the German firm's wharf of the English and American sailors. The English, taking the lead with a funeral party and reversed arms, marched to Mulinuu. On arrival at the site, which had been granted by the German Government in exchange for the original one, which was unsuitable; the Rev. W. Huckett, of the London Missionary Society, followed by His Excellency the Imperial Governor; Judge Kipling; Commander Tupper; Commandant Tilley; U. S. Consul-General Osborn; H. B. M. Consul Hamilton Hunter.

The Rev. W. Huckett then read the Church of England Burial Service, at the conclusion of which the firing parties from H. M. S. Pylades and the United States ship Abarenda fired three volleys over the graves of their comrades to the call of the last post, which was first sounded by the bugler of the Pylades and afterwards by the trumpeter of the Abarenda. Then followed a hymn led by Commander Tupper, in which all present joined in singing, "Thy Will Be Done," after which the officials left the enclosure and came out in front where the bluejackets formed in square with the Governor and officials in the center. There Commander Tupper addressed the Governor as follows:

Your Excellency—As senior representative here present of the British and United States navies, I thank you for the kindness and courtesy you have shown to us, in granting such an excellent site for the memorial which has been erected to the memory of our comrades who fell in the discharge of duty, and I feel sure that the relations and friends of the deceased wish me to express their gratitude to you, for your kind wish, voluntarily expressed, to take care of the memorial they have subscribed to their dear ones, and for the assistance which you and your countrymen here present, have so generously rendered to us in erecting the same. I now invite Your Excellency to be kind enough to unveil the memorial for us.

His Excellency the Governor in reply said:

Gentlemen—In performing the honorable task of unveiling this memorial I am desirous of expressing my heartfelt sympathy for the dead. I feel gratified in having been able to assist Commanders Tupper and Tilley in choosing a suitable place for the memorial, and I shall deem it an obligation to watch over and preserve from injury the last resting place of those who died in the discharge of their duty. I now unveil the memorial.

The monument being unveiled the bluejackets on the word of command, saluted the Governor, after which the officials retired. The residents then came forward and placed wreaths on the monument. The following is a description of the stone with the inscription thereon:

The monument is of grey granite complete, and weighs about fifteen tons. It is enriched by the British and American flags entwined in bronze; also a navy anchor of the same material. The base of the monument is 11 feet by 6 feet 6 inches square. It stands enclosed by an iron railing and coping, which covers 50 feet by 25 feet square. In all, the weight is about 30 tons, and was brought down to Apia in H. M. S. Pylades, and was erected by the men of this ship under the direction of Captain Tupper. Messrs. Ross and Bowman, of Waverley, have done the work in admirable style to the order of the combined American and British navies. The cost, irrespective of fixing or carriage, is about £250.

INSCRIPTION:

P. S. Lansdale, Lieut., U. S. N.
J. R. Monaghan, Ensign, U. S. N.
N. E. Edsall, O. S., U. S. N.
James Butler, Coxswain, U. S. N.
John E. Mudge, Pt., U. S. N.
Thomas Holloway, Pt., U. S. M. C. of the U. S. F. S. Philadelphia.
Angel Hope Freeman, Lieut., R. N., H. M. S. Tauranga.
John Long, Leading Seaman.
Albert M. Prout, Leading Seaman.
A. H. J. Thornbery, A. B.
Montague Rogers, O. S.
Edmond Halloran, O. S. of H. M. S. Royalist.
Killed in action, April 1899.

On the back is inscribed:

Erected by the officers and men of the U. S. flagship Philadelphia, and H. B. M. ships Tauranga, Royalist, Porpoise and Torch.

A MOTHER TELLS HOW SHE SAVED HER LITTLE DAUGHTER'S LIFE.

I am the mother of eight children, and have had a great deal of experience with medicines. Last summer my little daughter had the dysentery in its worst form. We thought she would die. I tried everything I could think of, but nothing seemed to do her any good. I saw by an advertisement in our paper that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was highly recommended, and sent and got a bottle at once. It proved to be one of the very best medicines we ever had in the house. It saved my little daughter's life. I am anxious for every mother to know what an excellent medicine it is. Had I known it at first it would have saved me a great deal of anxiety and my little daughter much suffering. Yours truly, Mrs. Geo. F. Burdick, Liberty, R. I. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for H. I.



PUNAHOU TRACT BEING PUT INTO CONDITION FOR BUILDING.

The Punahou trustees have made considerable progress in the laying out of the 200-acre addition to the city in Manoa valley. They have purchased from Gear, Lansing & Co., the rock crusher formerly owned by the Government. This has been installed at the quarry owned by the college on the land in question. The crusher will be in operation within a couple of weeks and will furnish all the stone necessary for macadamizing the roads throughout the tract. The plan of division of the land into 250 lots has been submitted to the trustees which will be finally adopted with a few modifications next week.

The plan involves an avenue ninety feet wide running throughout the length of the land on which there will be 10-foot sidewalks. All the crossroads will be fifty-six feet in width with 8-foot side walks. The trustees have purchased pipe with which water will be conducted to all the lots. All the lots will also be graded with standard cut rock curbing which will be quarried on the place. The quarrying of the rock has already been commenced, and the trustees expect to have good progress made in the developing of the property within the next three months. P. C. Jones is acting for the trustees in this matter and says the applications for lots have already come in in large numbers. The size of the lots will vary from 100 by 150 feet to 100 by 200 feet. The price of the lots will probably vary from $1,000 to $2,000 each, according to size and location. There will also be a condition in the deeds limiting the quality and cost of residences to be erected thereon so as to insure a good class of buildings only. One of the main features of the addition new to Honolulu, but in general use in the progressive cities of the United States, is an alley-way twenty feet wide running through the center of each block in which the pipes will be laid and on which the telephone and electric light wires will be situated and through which all carriage to and from the premises will take place.

OAHU RAILWAY ISSUES TREASURY STOCK.

A meeting of the officers and directors of the Oahu Railway & Land Company was held yesterday afternoon at the Chamber of Commerce at 4 o'clock. It was decided that the company authorize the issue of the Treasury stock of the railroad at par to the stockholders, pro rata. Seven hundred and twenty-four shares will thus be issued. At $100 per share, this amounts to an issue of $72,400 worth of the stock. This practically means the issuance of one share for every twenty-seven now owned by the shareholders.

The semi-annual report of the railway company for the six months ending June 30, 1900, was also submitted to the officers and directors and accepted by them. The report of George P. Dennison, acting general manager, was as follows:

Gentlemen: The balance sheet, herewith submitted, with accompanying exhibit of capital expenditure, shows the status of the affairs of your company for the half year ending June 30, 1900.

A similar statement was submitted as of June 30th of last year, and comparison with same shows a substantial increase in net earnings, notwithstanding the loss in passenger traffic amounting to a least $50,000 during the first four months of this year on account of the plague quarantine.

The earnings net of all expenses and interest on bonds for six months to
June 30, 1900, including accrued subsidy, $13,300, were $135,241 90
Net earnings for same period of 1899 were 107,371 25

An increase of ..... $ 27,870 65
or nearly 26 per cent.

The freight department, which did no suffer to so great an extent during the quarantine, shows a very satisfactory increase, commensurate with the steady development of the plantations along the line since the road was extended to Kahuku. In spite of the fact that the car equipment was doubled last year, the company's carrying capacity has been taxed to the utmost, and further additions to the rolling stock will be needed by the end of the year.

The total receipts for freight for six months to June 30, 1900, were $206,215 63
For the same period last year 142,131 16

An increase of ..... $ 64,084 47
or over 45 per cent.

The passenger traffic since the plague ceased has been most satisfactory, the receipts for the months of May and June being $28,041.95, against $17,530.60 for the same months of 1899, an increase of 60 per cent.

In view of the embargo on a large part of its business for four out of the six months of 1900, the company is to be congratulated on the showing now presented.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE.

The statement herewith shows a total net expenditure in new improvements or assets of the company of $110,095.48, which may be summarized as follows:

New cars (finishing cars begun in 1899 appearing in last report under head of "Unfinished Improvements")	$ 13,528 61
New terminal—dredging and wharf	75,174 12
Tools and machinery (including dredger)	25,587 17
Real estate	3,023 00
Sundries	6,536 59
	$123,849 59
Less decrease in supplies	13,754 11
	$110,095 48

Referring to the above expenditure, I may be remarked that the same is not only necessitated by the rapidly increasing traffic, but will result in immediate returns and development of values, particularly in the matter of new wharf construction.

In the last annual report reference was made to an agreement entered into between your company and the Republic of Hawaii, whereby it was proposed to make certain exchange of lands, in order to carry out a harbor and wharf plan also agreed upon, the said agreement and plan having been submitted to the United States Government for approval. Since then the proposed plans have been approved as a whole by the War Department, and the necessary steps have been taken to carry out the said agreement with the local authorities. This plan will more than double the capacity of Honolulu harbor, making available for your company about 3,700 feet of new wharves and an equal amount for the Government. In pursuance of this plan and agreement, your company has removed over 200,000 cubic yards of material and constructed a new wharf 500 feet in length, which considerably relieves the congestion on its side of the harbor. The dredging contract with the Pacific Coast Dredging & Reclamation Company was satisfactorily completed, and their dredger proving an efficient machine, the option to purchase same for the sum of $25,000 was exercised, in view of the future requirements of the company in the matter of excavating slips for wharves.

Work will be immediately commenced on the second wharf, makai of the one just constructed, the slip for same being partly excavated. This wharf will be used by the American-Hawaiian Steamship Company for their steamers, a ten-year contract having been closed with them to that end. In this connection we regret to say that the loss to your company in demurrage charges and extra freight expense for want of proper wharf facilities during the past six months has been very considerable, to say nothing of the loss and annoyance to the plantations of this island and other patrons of the road. This condition was foreseen by your general manager several years since, and his efforts for a larger harbor is now a matter of local history.

The estimated cost of the second proposed wharf with the necessary wharf shed and warehouse for the accommodation of the steamship line is about $75,000. To partially relieve the current earnings from these heavy expenditures, it is proposed that the remainder of the capital stock of the company, in the hands of its treasurer, amounting to $72,400, be offered to the stockholders at par.

In conclusion I would say that the heavy prospective increase of traffic from all of the plantations along the line and from other sources for the present and coming year, while emphasizing the necessity of current expenditure, also assures the stockholders that the "long looked for" substantial returns are not far distant.

The balance sheet of assets of the railway company shows a capital expenditure to December 31, 1899, as per table 2, ninth report, $3,358,950.81; capital expenditure, six months to June 30, 1900, less decrease supply accounts, $110,095.48; franchise, contract and real estate, $700,000; bills receivable, $23,909.02; sundry debtors, $149,607.38; giving a total of assets of $4,661,074.38. The liabilities show capital stock, issue of 20,000 shares at $100 per share, $2,000,000; bonds, issue of January 1st, 1897, $2,000,000; interest due on bonds, $61,113; bills payable, $109,597; net earnings, six months to June 30, 1900, $121,941.90; net revenue, December 31, 1899, $331,220.09, less dividened, March 1, 1900, 2 per cent, $38,552.0

CHAS. N. WIGHT'S NEW NUUANU VALLEY RESIDENCE.

Charles N. Wight, president of the Wilder Steamship Company, is building a fine residence at Puiwa, Nuuanu valley, opposite the electric light works. It will be a worthy addition to the number of handsome residences for which the valley is famous.

ANNIVERSARY OF BISHOP'S BANK.

Yesterday the banking firm of Bishop & Co. celebrated the forty-second anniversary of its founding. The firm has been identified with the most prosperous portion of the history of Hawaii. During the greater part of the period during which the bank has been in existence S. M. Damon has been connected with it, and of late he has been at its head. He was the recipient of many congratulations yesterday.

NUUANU BRICK COMPANY'S NEW KILN.

The brick manufacturing company which has been operating in Nuuanu valley has erected two new kilns for the burning of brick. The brick-making is now taking place with their increased capacity. The new kilns are expected to be far superior to the old one and to produce a better quality of brick than that heretofore turned out.

Mr. H. S. Kerr, who is largely interested in the plant, says the company will probably put in a number of other kilns in a short time, probably ten or twelve in all. They are now putting up a new crusher, and with this they will have plenty of sand and can make a better class of brick than the first turnout. A steam drier is also to be established, so that bricks can be dried at any time, whether raining or not. The new kilns have a capacity of 40,000 bricks each burning.

BOSTON BUILDING NEARING COMPLETION.

The scaffolding at the front of the Boston block on Fort street is being removed, revealing a handsome elevation of brick and stone. The cornice is an attractive affair.

REAL ESTATE MARKET STEADY BUT NOT BRISK.

Real estate men say there is little or no vim in the local market at present. Practically the same condition is felt now as for several weeks past. The uncertainty of the money market has sadly interfered with the former brisk sales, but there is no reduction in prevailing prices. The market is firm and not speculative. Investment properties are sought to the exclusion of attempts to turn ready cash over for margins.

Sleep for Skin-Tortured Babies And Rest for Tired Mothers



In a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP and a single anointing with CUTICURA, purest of emollients and greatest of skin cures. This is the purest, sweetest, most speedy, permanent, and economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humours, with loss of hair of infants and children, and is sure to succeed when all else fails.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour, Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, CUTICURA Ointment to instantly allay itching and irritation and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the severest humours when all else fails. Aust. Depot: H. TOWNS & Co., Sydney, N. S. W. So. African Depot: LENNON LTD., Cape Town. POTTER DRUG & CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

W. H. RICE, President W. S. WITHERS, Manager.

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Harness Made to Order.

HONOLULU, H. I.

1900 Ramblers Ramblers Ramblers 1900

$40 Will buy you a fine up-to-date RAMBLER BICYCLE. We sell these on the installment plan for $5.00 more, easy terms.

We take old Wheels in exchange as part payment and allow all they are worth.

We have a number of second-hand Wheels in stock now that we can sell at very low prices. If you want a cheap Wheel call and look at them.

We have a big supply of SUNDRIES, and also do the best repair work in the Islands.

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NITRATE OF SODA, CALCINED FERTILIZER,
SALTS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist.
All goods are GUARANTEED in every respect.
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British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE.
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Immediate Payment of Claims.

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The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agts.

German Lloyd Marine Insur'ce Co OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Co OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., General Agents.

General Insurance Co. for Sea, River and Land Transport, of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

TRANS-ATLANTIC FIRE INS. CO. OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reichsmarks	6,000,000
Capital their reinsurance companies	101,650,000
Total reichsmarks	107,650,000

North German Fire Insurance Co. OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reichsmarks.	8,890,000
Capital their reinsurance companies	35,000,000
Total reichsmarks	43,830,000

The undersigned, general agents of the above two companies, for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc.; also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire on the most favorable terms.

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Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephen and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver
Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India and Around the World.

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Agents Canadian-Australian S. S. Line, Canadian Pacific Railway.

Castle & Cooke, —LIMITED.—

LIFE and FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS. . .

AGENTS FOR
New England Mutual Life Insurance Co OF BOSTON.
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CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS Are warranted to cure Gravel, Pains in the back, and all kindred complaints. Free from Mercury. Established upwards of 30 years. In boxes 4s. 6d. each, of all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors, The Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVED AT HONOLULU.

Friday, August 17.

Stmr. Lehua, Bethell, from Maui ports.

U. S. S. Mariposa, Hendlette, from the Colonies.

Stmr. James Makee, Tullett, from Kapaa, 1,350 bags sugar.

Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Mosher, from Kauai.

Saturday, August 18.

P. M. S. S. City of Peking, from San Francisco; passengers and 600 tons freight to H. Hackfeld & Co.

Stmr. Kinau, Freeman, from Hilo and way ports.

Am. schr. Reporter, Dahldorf, 14 days from Gray's Harbor, lumber laden.

Am. bk. Edward May, Hanson, 14 days from San Francisco; general merchandise to Alexander & Baldwin.

Am. schr. F. S. Redneid, Jorgenson, 19 days from Port Gamble, with lumber.

Am. sp. Standard, Getchell, 18 days from Tacoma, with coal.

Sunday, August 19.

Stmr. Claudine, Macdonald, from Hawaii and Maui, with 29 hogs, 32 sacks corn, 178 sacks taro, 226 sacks potatoes and 119 packages sundries.

Stmr. W. G. Hall, Thompson, from Nawiliwili, with 196 packages of sundries.

Stmr. Waialeale, Green, from Kejoa.

Stmr. Nihau, Thompson, from Ahahola.

Stmr. Mikahala, Pedersen, from Nihau, with 250 head of sheep, 29 bales of wool, 1 bundle of skins.

Stmr. Kauai, Bruhn, from Kauai.

Monday, August 20.

S. S. China, Seabury, from Yokohama, August 11.

SAILED FROM HONOLULU.

Friday, August 17.

Am. schr. Maweema, Smith, for the Sound, in ballast.

Gas. schr. Surprise, Townsend, for Lahaina, Kihei, Makena and Kona ports.

O. S. S. Mariposa, Hendlette, for San Francisco.

Saturday, August 18.

Stmr. James Makee, Tullett, for Kapaa.

Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Mosher, for Eleele and Makaweli.

Schr. Kauaikeaouli, for Eleele.

Schr. W. H. Talbot, Bennecke, for the Sound, in ballast.

Schr. Helene, Christiansen, for San Francisco, with sugar and rice.

Sunday, August 19.

P. M. S. S. City of Peking, Smith, for the Orient.

Monday, August 20.

Stmr. Noeau, Wyman, for Lahaina, Honokaa and Kukuihaele.

Stmr. Mokolii, Napela, for Kaanapali.

Stmr. Lehua, Bennett, for Molokai ports.

Stmr. Maui, Parker, for Kihei.

Stmr. Mikahala, Pedersen, for Eleele and Makaweli.

Stmr. Waialeale, Green, for Hanamaulu.

TO SAIL TODAY.

Stmr. Kinau, Clarke, for Hilo and way ports at 12 m.

Stmr. Claudine, McDonald, for Maui ports at 5 p. m.

Stmr. W. G. Hall, Thompson, for Nawiliwili, Koloa and Eleele.

S. S. China, Seabury, for San Francisco, at 5 p. m.

ONE MAN ALONE GUILTY.

Kaapa, A Native Sailor, Accused of Lihue Murder.

According to the testimony of five natives of the crew of the steamer Nihau who were examined by High Sheriff Brown and Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth, Kaapa, one of the natives who is under arrest at Lihue for the murder of a Japanese there is alone guilty of the crime. They assert that nine of them with Kaapa met two Japanese and asked them for cigarettes. Both became frightened and ran away. Kaapa succeeded in catching one of them and beat him about the head with a club while the rest of them stood around and watched.

The story of the five men who came back in the Nihau is corroborated by the four men who are held in jail with Kaapa in Lihue. All unite in saying that Kaapa alone was guilty of the crime. They say that Kaapa did not think he had killed the Japanese when the crowd left the scene but later he became frightened and while the rest of the crew stayed on shore over night he swam out to the steamer and spent the night.

NEW KAHUKU MANAGER.

Willow Baldwin Takes the Place of George Weight.

Manager George Weight of Kahuku Plantation has resigned on account of ill health and has been succeeded by Willow Baldwin of Waimea, Kauai. The resignation of Mr. Weight was a surprise among the sugar men. He lately asked that he be granted a furlough in order that he could seek rest on the Mainland where the change would probably be beneficial. His system was filled with malaria and he became too ill to remain constantly at his work. If the directors could not give him leave of absence he asked that they accept his resignation. This being a critical juncture of the plantation work, and a manager needed at all times, it was decided to accept Mr. Weight's resignation and Mr. Baldwin was appointed to fill the vacancy. The latter has not yet come over from Kauai.

Diamond Head to Waialae.

The Department of Public Works is awaiting the arrival of Mr. Bruner from Hawaii to make surveys on the proposed new road around Diamond Head to Waialae. Mr. Bruner will survey the upper and lower routes as proposed and the Department will later make its choice of the two locations. Mr. Bruner has been over the route once before.

BORN.

PATTON—In this city, August 16, 1900, to the wife of Thomas Patton, a son.

BUTTERFIELD—In this city, August 16, 1900, to the wife of J. A. Butterfield, a daughter.

DIED.

BIDINGER—In San Francisco, August 8, 1900, Sophie, beloved wife of the late William Bidinger, and mother of Edward, Charles and Gustave Bidinger, Mrs. Alfred Hauser and Mrs. J. P. Trumpour, a native of Germany, aged 65 years 6 months and 11 days.

PASSENGERS

Arrived.

From Kauai, per stmr. Ke Au Hou, August 17.—W. Fisher and 4 on deck.

From Kapaa, per stmr. James Makee, August 17.—Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Hundley, Miss R. Hundley, Mrs. H. P. Hugus, G. R. Ewart and 34 on deck.

From the Colonies, per O. S. S. Mariposa, August 17.—Herr von Grumbkow, Yeroush, Mr. and Mrs. C. Rutherford, Mr and Mrs. A. T. J. Reynolds, Mr. and Mr. and Mrs. A. T. J. Reynolds, Mr. and M. Coulter, Mrs. T. Murphy and child, Mrs. F. W. Forster, Fred. R. Forster, Miss R. Galletly, Chas. Holmes, J. S. Cherry, W. Waldron, Raymond Payne, George Parker, Chas. Norr, F. Odlum, H. D. Goddom, G. R. Johnson, G. J. Smith, W. R. Edwardes, C. H. Freeman, Ed. Howes, F. B. Norton, C. F. Sterling, Lees Mine, F. G. Carpenter, Maj. H. Bateman, R. Hoffmann Geo. W. Pask, Rev. H. Mechaikie, W. M. Peters, Capt. Thomson, W. von Vuuil.

From Nihau, per stmr. Mikahala, August 19.—Mrs. Moses and 1 on deck.

From Anahola, per stmr. Nihau, August 19.—G. W. Meheula and 4 on deck.

From Nawiliwili, per stmr. W. G. Hall, August 19.—W. O. Smith, S. Watson, P. W. T. Purvis, wife and children, Miss O. Ai, Miss B. Ai, C. T. Ai and wife, Mrs. E. W. Holdsworth, Miss Bush, M. Rego, M. Rosenbledt, Mrs. Le Van, Miss B. Soper, D. Conway, Miss Johnstone, Ed. McCorriston, Dai Yan, Miss B. Holdsworth, Joseph Miller, Ah Tau, Mrs. C. Yamamoto, Naroma, Miss H. Kato and 26 on deck.

From Hawaii and Maui, per stmr. Kinau, August 18.—Gov. S. B. Dole and wife, Wray Taylor, Miss L. Vestal, Miss McCord, Miss A. Terrl, Miss M. C. Higley, W. H. Cawthra and bride, Miss M. A. Hughes, C. H. Hughes and four children, Miss Lily Mitchell, Miss Mary Chillingworth, Miss Carrie Clark, Miss T. Deverix, Sam M. Spencer, H. M. Frick and wife, Mrs. R. A. Ahu, J. H. McKenzie, T. B. Grant, E. Fernandez, Master J. Blaisdell, C. Turner, Miss Emma Lawson, Sister Albertina, Martin S. Kailiana, Sam Barker, R. H. Long, W. W. Cross, J. Pieta, Miss K. Cornwell, H. B. Hall, C. C. Holloway, H. Segliken, F. G. Walker, M. A. Eyeraft, U. Thompson, C. J. Ryan, Judge G. F. Little, C. W. Williams, Ching Lum, George C. Renton, Jr., J. L. Renton, J. Bowden, J. P. Cross and son, Miss Gulani Jones, W. Thompson, F. B. Rosecrans, J. F. Brown and wife, M. Hoohanekane, P. C. Scales, J. A. Lindsay and eight deck passengers.

From Hawaii and Maui, per stmr. Claudine, August 19.—H. P. Baldwin, W. J. Lowrie, Sister Irene, Miss Muther, Master L. Smith, F. C. Allen, C. E. Haynes, J. J. Concanon, R. Berser, Sarah Kaipo, E. J. Silva, wife and two children, Miss Maria Kaleo, Miss M. Kaleo, Miss J. O. Wilder, Miss M. Morris, Miss Mealana, Misses Sutherland (2), Miss Evans, A. P. Boller, H. Howell, Amoon, wife and three children, Miss H. Tripp, George Canavarro, A. T. Hagen Kamp, Mrs. P. Mahoe and four children, Mrs. M. M. Bailey, S. Kealunoe, L. Y. Aiona, C Yai Chong, M. J. Borba, D. P. Kapewa, C. B. Cockett, C. H. Dickey, J. J. Dickey, Mrs. Makekau, Miss Kala, F. S. Dodge, F. H. Hayselden and wife, Miss R. K. Hayselden, John Richardson and 82 deck passengers.

From San Francisco, per S. S. City of Peking, August 18.—Honolulu—W. L. Grieve, wife and daughter, G. N. Wright, wife and son, R. Lewers, Edgar Halstead, R. N. Halstead, wife and nurse, G. Hood, Mrs. L. Ahlborn and son, F. D. Smith, Miss L. A. Trowbridge, F. W. Macfarlane, Rev. J Leadingham, S. H. Comstock, Mrs. Williard, Herman Meith, W. E. Beckwith, Mrs. W. E. Beckwith, Mrs. M. Marchand, Mrs. W. C. Read, J. J. Lecker, Col. N. D. Hodge and wife, L. S. Robinson, Miss L. Grau, Mrs. E. T. Osborn, F. H. Rotsford, E. S. Goodbue, W. B. Dunning, G. Schuman and wife, B. F. Dillingham. Yokohama—Miss C. F. Macadam, W. J. Chamberlain, Gaston Daiville and wife, Dr. R. B. Erggelet and wife, Miss L. A. Wells, Miss Hidie Yegashira, L. H. Abel, wife and infant. Kobe—Oscar Fischer. Nagasaki—H. A. Noble and wife, J. M. Reynolds, J. D. Lowman and wife. Hongkong—W. C. Haswell, Lieut. J. H. L. Holcomb, C. Warfield, L. R. Reel, H. R. Lewis; Drs. F. E. Shine, J. E. McWhorter, F. M. Wall, C. H. Steeckle, G. S. Dean, F. C. Griffith, W. M. Roberts, W. H. Tefft, J. W. Holland, T. J. Strong, C. C. Whitcomb, D. M. Lamb, L. A. Spaeth, O. F. Davis, E. F. Slater, G. M. Van Poole, W. E. Chapman, E. E. Lambkin, R. B. Grubb.

From the Orient, per S. S. China, August 20.—Honolulu—C. R. Joy, S. Segawa, J. P. McCoy, San Francisco—Mr. and Mrs. Bonsfield and child, Mrs. Blodgett, Mrs. N. E. Bryant and three children, S. J. Davis, C. V. Fraser, Mr. and Mrs. J. Gcforth and five children, M. H. R. Harris, C. R. Head, Capt. G. E. Ide, U. S. N.; N Kanda, R. M. Leake, Miss L. Meiners Mrs. I. Oakman, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Perkins and maid, Miss M. Perkins, Miss F. Perkins, Miss M. A. Pyke, Miss D. A. Rich, Mrs. J. A. Slimmon, Miss G. Taft, Mr. Tooritzin, Miss R. E. Walker, Dr. E. H Baldock, J. C. Bentz, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Coombs, Miss J. I. Dow, Miss H. Galloway, Miss S. A. Godfrey, T. Hata, Rev and Mrs. S. D. Holmes and three children, H. Jensen, S. M. Leake, Miss M. J. McIntosh, G. Michey, E. T. Osborn and servant, Miss Perkins, Miss R. Perkins, Master Cleveland Perkins, D. W. Rich, H Schurchard, C. B. Tyler, Mrs. H. F. Walker, H. Walker.

Departed.

For San Francisco, per stmr. Mariposa, August 17.—Miss Grace Patterson, Mrs. James Hanever, Mrs. J. W. Evans, Mrs. M. Heynemann, Frank Hustace and wife, Miss L. Ward, W. E. Foster, Mrs. Jaeger, Miss I. Jaeger, Allen Jaeger, G. A. Marshall, F. Thompson, Mrs. M. W. Backus, H. B. G. Thomas, H. W. Thomas, C. D. Vincent, C. A. Graham, Oscar T. Sewall, Captain W. D. Burnham, D. B. Dearborn, Jr., H. K. Selby, J. J. Bennett, Mrs. Mary Bennett, Dr. W. C. Stubbs and wife, W. A. Summerton, W. Schlentee, Lieut. C. S. Williams, George C. Sweet, Mr. Waity, W. H. Gregory, Charles W. Gray, John Slingerland, E. J. Collins and wife, A. T. Large, C. G. Ellison, H. J. Thomas, A. de Souza, J. Carrol, Jose S. Manil, H. H. Beecher, J. W. Bowman, John Wincke, J. B. Humphrey, Henry Wise, Miss May Nichols, E. W. Tyrell and wife.

BIG BALLAST CONTRACT.

Paiolo Company to Furnish Stone to Rapid Transit People.

The Paiolo Land & Improvement Company has made a contract with the Rapid Transit Company to furnish the latter company with 15,000 cubic yards of crushed rock to ballast its tracks. The stone is to be delivered along the line of the railroad as the construction takes place.

This is the largest corporation contract for crushed rock ever made in this country. This will be sufficient to ballast twenty miles of road. The projectors of the Improvement Company intend to put in one of the largest rock crushing plants in the Islands at their quarries.

Hugh Howell, the surveyor of Maui, is in the city for a short stay.

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE.

Honolulu, August 20, 1900.

NAME OF STOCK.	Capital	Val	Bid	Asked
MERCANTILE.				
C. Brewer & Co.	1,000,000	100		
SUGAR.				
American Sugar Co.	1,000,000	100		
Ewa	1,000,000	20	21	21½
Honomu	750,000	100		
Haw. Agricultural Co.	1,000,000	100	80	
Haw. Com. & Sug. Co.	2,372,720	100	97	
Hawaiian Sugar Co.	1,000,000	100		97½
Honokaa	750,000	100	105	106
Honokaa	1,000,000	20	21	22
Hutchinson	500,000	100		275
Kahuku	500,000	20	21	26
Kamalo Sug. Co. Ltd.	225,000	20		
" Paid up	225,000	20		
Kihei Plan. Co. Ltd.	1,000,000	20	19½	19
" Paid up	1,000,000	20		
Kipahulu	150,000	100		110
Koloa	200,000	100		
Kona Sugar Co. Ass.	250,000	100		65
" Paid up	180,000	100		
Maunalei S. Co., Ass.	400,000	100		
" Paid up	100,000	100		
McBryde S. Co. Ltd. A	852,500	20	4½	5
" Paid up	1,650,000	20	13	13½
Nahiku Sugar Co. A		20		
" Paid up		20		
Oahu Sug. Co.	5,000,000	100	152½	153
Onomea	1,000,000	20		
Ookala	500,000	20	17½	18½
Olaa Sugar Co. LAAs	812,500	20	20	21
" Paid up	2,500,000	20	19½	20
Olowalu	150,000	100		
Paauhau Sug. Plan. Co.	5,000,000	50		
Pacific	500,000	100		
Pala	750,000	100		275
Pepeekeo	750,000	100		225
Pioneer	2,000,000	100	155	160
Waialua Agr. Co. As.	2,500,000	100	20	30
" Paid up	1,500,000	100	114	116
Waimea	500,000	100		
Wailuku	750,000	100		400
Waimanalo	250,000	100		
Waimea	125,000	100		130
STEAMSHIP COS.				
..... S. S. Co.	100,000	100		130
..... land S. S. Co.	500,000	100		135
MISCELLANEOUS.				
Hawaiian Electric Co.	250,000	100		140
Hon. Rp. Tr. & Ld. Co.	1,250,000	100		
Hon. Steam Laundry	25,000	100		
Kona-Kau Telephone & Telegraph Co.	15,000	25		
.....	139,000	10		
Makaha Coffee Co. Ltd. As	8,975	100		
" and Bds	31,000	100		
.....	2,000,000	100		115
..... Ice & Refg. Co.	150,000	100		95
BONDS.				
Haw. Govt. 6 per cent			99½	
Haw. Govt. 5 per cent				99
Haw. Govt. Postal Savings 6% per cent.				
Hilo R. R. Co. 6 per c				
Ewa Plantation 6 per c				101
Kahuku Plant. 6 p. c.				97

Session Sales—Morning Session—One hundred McBryde, assessable, $4.50; 10 Oahu, $155; 5 Hawaiian Sugar, $214; 5 Waialua, paid up, $114.50; 25 Olaa, paid up, $12.75; 225 Olaa, assessable, $3.37½. Afternoon Session—Fifteen Honokaa, $31; 15 Waialua, paid up, $114.50; 10 Ewa, $27; 50 Kihei, assessable, $13.50; 75 Olaa, assessable, $3.25; 25 Kahuku, $25.

Between Boards—Fifty Ookala, $18; 10 Pioneer, $155.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

BY THE GOVERNMENT SURVEY, PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY.

Day.	Aug.	BAROM. 9 a. m.	BAROM. 3 p. m.	THERM. Min.	THERM. Max.	Rainfall in.	Humidity	Clouds	Wind	Rain.
S	11	30.01	29.93	72	82	.24	76.6		NE	0.5
S	12	30.04	29.97	73	83	.09	76.4		NE	0.1
M	13	30.07	29.98	76	84	.02	61.5		NE	0.1
T	14	30.08	29.97	72	84	.29	64.6		NE	0.4
W	15	29.98	29.91	75	84	.02	61.3		NNE	0.4
T	16	29.95	29.89	69	86	.00	66.1		NNE	0.0
F	17	29.90	29.88	72	87	.00	66.8	0	NNE	0.0

Barometer corrected to 32° F. and sea level, and for standard gravity of Lat. 45°. This correction is —.06 for Honolulu.

TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

Days.	Aug.	High Tide	Ht. of Tide	Small	Low Tide	Large	Low Tide	Small	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon Rises and Sets.
		p.m.	Ft.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.				Ht.
Mon.	20	1.19	1.9	9.03	3.31	8 23	5.49	6.26			1.49
Tues	21	1.52	1.9	1.36	6 31	8.55	5.49	6.26			2.44
Wed.	22	2.31	1.9	2.06	7.28	9 21	5.49	6.25			3.38
Thur	23	3.01	1.8	2.36	8.16	9.49	5.49	6.24			4.27
Fri.	24	3.41	1.7	3.28	9.01	10 19	5.49	6.23			5.20
		p.m.				p.m.			a.m.	p.m.	
Sat.	25	4.58	1.6	4.05	9.39	9 43	5.49	6.22	6	6	6.41
Sun.	26	4.23	1.5	4.40	10.55	10 22	5.49	6.21	7	7	7.11
Mon.	27	4.51	1.3	5.12	11.47	11 0.5	5.49	6.20	7	7	7.39

New moon on the 24th at 5:23 p. m.

Tides from the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey tables.

The tides at Kahului and Hilo occur about one hour earlier than at Honolulu. Hawaiian standard time is 10 hours 30 minutes slower than Greenwich time, being that of the meridian of 157 degrees 30 minutes. The time whistle blows at 12 m., which is the same as Greenwich 21 hours 30 minutes. Sun and moon are for local time for the whole group.

Notice to Shipmasters.

U. S. Branch Hydrographic Office, San Francisco, Cal.

By communicating with the Branch Hydrographic Office in San Francisco, captains of vessels who will co-operate with the Hydrographic Office by recording the meteorological observations suggested by the office, can have forwarded to them at any desired port, and free of expense, the monthly pilot charts of the North Pacific Ocean, and the latest information regarding the danger to navigation in the waters which they frequent.

Mariners are requested to report to the office dangers discovered, or any other information which can be utilized for correcting charts or sailing directions, or in the publication of the pilot charts of the North Pacific.

C. O. CALKINS,
Lieut.-Comdr., U. S. N., in Charge.

CHAS. BREWER & CO.'S

New York Line.

Bark NUUANU will sail from NEW YORK for HONOLULU, on or about October 10th, 1900.

For freight rates apply to

CHAS. BREWER & CO.,
27 Kilby St., Boston,
OR
C. BREWER & CO., LTD.,
Honolulu.

Hawaiian Postage Stamps ARE WANTED.

WE PAY FOR

1c green or yellow (recent issue), 60c.
2c rose or brown (recent issue), 45c.
5c blue or red (recent issue), $1.10.
10c green, 25; 12c blue, $15.

Others and old issues in proportion. References by permission: W. M. Giffard, Esq., Honolulu, F. L. Stolz, Esq., formerly Spreckelsville.

Address,
W. SELLSCHOPP & CO.,
119 Stockton St., San Francisco.
2203—Nov. 27.

Auction Sale

—OF—

DELINQUENT STOCK

IN THE

Olaa Sugar Co., Ltd.

ON SATURDAY, SEPT 1ST,

AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON.

At my salesroom, 32 Queen street, Honolulu, I will sell at Public Auction, by order of the treasurer, Mr. J. P. Cooke, the following certificates of stock in the Olaa Sugar Co., Ltd., unless the tenth assessment, due June 1, 1900, delinquent July 31, 1900, with interest thereon and advertising expenses, is paid on or before the day and hour of sale.

Cert.	Shares.
165—J. Keahuliwa	5
207—W. L. Wilcox	50
228—A. Toogood	67
405—Look Chuck Tong	9
406—U. J. Ordway	23
459—William A. Clark	23
535—L. O. Kendick	23
559—Lee Kee	2
561—C. A. Erickson	53
787—A. Templeton	6
788—L. Templeton	6
789—John M. Templeton	6
905-906—C. G. Ballentyne	200
922—C. G. Ballentyne	50
953—H. Rose	20
955—C. Brannaghan	50
956—A. W. Richardson	50
1052-56—E. J. Wright	100
1213—L. T. Lemaire	42
1273—A. M. Webster	20
1292—A. W. Richardson	20
1439—S. L. Williams	25
1519-20—A. S. Humphreys	200
1549—W. K. Andrews	90
1562—C. D. Castle	40
—C. M. Marques	2
169—W. H. Rice	5
587—J. L. Holt	5
63—J. T. Crawley	7
717—H. C. Austin	12
861—H. C. Austin	6
910—H. C. Austin	5
Hal—D. L. Akwai	28
1125—M. D. Smith	60
1156—E. E. Smith	21
1590—Mrs. L. Miller	2
1598—Mrs. L. Miller	4
—R. A. Miller	12

J. P. COOKE, Treasurer.
Honolulu, August 20, 1900.

JAS. F. MORGAN, Aucts.
5628—2204

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF REAL Estate Situate in Honolulu, Island of Oahu.

Pursuant to a decree signed by Hon. A. S. Humphreys, First Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Judicial Circuit, filed the 2nd day of August, A. D. 1900, in a cause entitled William C. Smith and S. W. Wilcox against W. H. Winchester, foreclosure proceedings notice is hereby given that the property herein described will be sold at the front entrance to the Judiciary building (Aliiolani Hale), Honolulu, on Saturday, the 1st day of September, A. D. 1900, at 12 o'clock noon. The said sale is subject to confirmation by the court.

PROPERTY TO BE SOLD.

First—All that certain piece or parcel of land situate on Quarry street, at Kalihokahoe, in Honolulu, Island of Oahu, containing an area of 8,000 square feet, more or less, and being the same premises that were conveyed to W. H. Winchester by deed of W. F. Foster, trustee, dated August 21, 1899, and recorded in Liber 166, page 278, and further described as being a portion of Royal Patent grant) No. 3564, to H. M. Dow, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the makai side of Quarry street 200 7-10 feet from the south side of Alapai street extension, thence running by true bearings south 37 degrees 30 minutes west, 120 feet along the Portuguese Club premises, thence south, 62 degrees 30 minutes east, 50 feet along lot 54, thence north 37 degrees 30 minutes east, 120 feet, and north 62 degrees 30 minutes west, 50 feet along Quarry street.

Second—All those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situate at Waikiki (near Makee Island) in said Honolulu, being lots 35, 36 and 37, Kaeo tract, containing an area of 15,000 square feet, and a part of Royal Patent No. 5567, Land Commission Award No. 8521, and the same premises that were conveyed to the said W. H. Winchester by the deed of W. C. Achi, trustee, and C. B. Maile, trustee, dated May 11, 1897, and recorded in Liber 187, page 442.

The property will be sold by parcels. Terms cash. U. S. gold coin, deeds at expense of purchaser.

For further information and full particulars of the above property, apply at the office of WILLIAM O. SMITH, Judd building, corner Fort and Merchant streets.

Dated: Honolulu, August 8, 1900.
JAMES A. THOMPSON,
Commissioner.
2200—Aug. 7, 10, 14, 17, 21, 24.

Hawaiian Navigation Co.,

LIMITED.

This company reserves the right to make changes in the time of departure and arrival of its steamers WITHOUT NOTICE, and it will not be responsible for any consequences arising therefrom.

Consignees must be at the landing to receive their freight. This company will not hold itself responsible for freight after it has been landed.

Live stock received only at owner's risk.

This company will not be responsible for money or valuables of passengers unless placed in the care of the purser.

The company will not be liable for loss of, nor injury to, nor delay in delivery of baggage or personal effects of passengers, or freight of shippers, beyond the amount of $100, unless the value of the same be declared when received by the company, and an extra charge be made therefor.

All employes of the company are forbidden to receive freight without delivering a shipping receipt therefor in the form prescribed by the company, and which may be seen by shippers upon application to the pursers of the company's steamers.

Shippers are notified that if freight is shipped without such receipt it will be solely at the risk of the shipper.

HAWAIIAN NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Patent back ledgers a specialty at the GAZETTE Bindery, von Holt block.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST Circuit, Territory of Hawaii—In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of Ruth ... late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased.

The petition and accounts of the administrators of the estate of said deceased, wherein she asks that her accounts be examined and approved, and that a final order be made of distribution of property remaining in her hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging her and the sureties from all further responsibility as such administratrix, is presented and filed herein.

It is ordered that Tuesday, the 25th day of September, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock a. m., before the Judge of said court at the courtroom of the said court at Lihue, Island of Kauai, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to the said property.

By the court.
HARRY D. WISHARD,
Clerk.
2200—Aug. 7, 14, 21.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE Fifth Circuit.

In the matter of the Estate of Friedrich Kaiser of Waimea, Kauai, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition and accounts of J. F. Hackfeld, Imperial German Consul of Honolulu, Oahu, H. T., wherein he asks that the same may be examined and approved, and that a final order may be made of distribution of the property remaining in his hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging him and his sureties from all further responsibility as such administrator,

It is ordered, that Tuesday, the 4th day of September, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock a. m., before the judge of said court at the courtroom of the said court at Lihue, Island of Kauai, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to the said property.

By the court.
HARRY D. WISHARD,
Clerk.
2200—Aug. 7, 14, 21.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE Fifth Circuit, Territory of Hawaii—In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of August Kraft.

A document purporting to be the last will and testament of August Kraft, deceased, having on the 16th day of August, A. D. 1900, been presented to said Probate Court, and a petition for the probate thereof, and for the issuance of letters testamentary to Ferdinand K. Kraft and Amelie Kraft having been filed by W. L. Howard,

It is hereby ordered, that Monday, the 17th day of September, A. D. 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day, at the courtroom of said court, in the Judiciary building, Honolulu, be and the same hereby is appointed the time and place for proving said will and hearing said application.

Honolulu, August 16, 1900.
By the Court,
GEORGE LUCAS, Clerk.
2204-3tF—August 21, 28; Sept. 4.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

ESTATE OF JOHN HOPP, DECEASED.

All creditors of John Hopp, deceased, are hereby notified to present their claims, duly authenticated, and with the proper vouchers, if any exist, even if the claim is secured by mortgage upon real estate, to me at my place of business on the northeast corner of King and Bethel streets in Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, within six (6) months from the date of this notice.

If such claims be not presented within six months from the date of this notice they shall be forever barred.

Dated at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, August 3, A. D. 1900.

KIRWIN M. MARSHALL,
Administrator of the Estate of John Hopp, Deceased.
J. T. DE BOLT,
Attorney for the Administrator.
2200—Aug. 7, 14, 21, 28.

NOTICE.

On account of departure from the Islands, the undersigned requests that all parties owing the late Dr. H. P. Hugus, and all who have accounts against the estate, will please present their claims at once for settlement.

MRS. H. P. HUGUS.
Koolau, Kauai, August 4, 1900.
2200—Aug. 7, 14, 21, 28.

Corporation Notices.

NAHIKU ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

The 8th ASSESSMENT of 10 per cent on $5.00 per share due June 20th, 1900, with interest from July 20th, 1900, will be delinquent on the 1st day of October, 1900, according to resolution adopted by the stockholders at a special meeting held in the Rooms of the Chamber of Commerce on the 31st day of July, 1900.

J. P. COOKE,
Treasurer Nahiku Sugar Co., Ltd.
Honolulu, August 1st, 1900. 5612-2199

SPECIAL NOTICE TO Olaa Sugar Co, Assessable Stockholders.

BY ORDER OF THE DIRECTORS, notice is hereby given that the 12th assessment heretofore advertised as of 4 per cent due and payable on the 2nd of August, has been reduced to 2½ per cent of 50 cents per share, due and payable from the 10th day of August, 1900, and delinquent October 10th, 1900, penalty of 1 per cent per month from Sept. 10th, 1900.

J. P. COOKE,
Treasurer Olaa Sugar Co.
Honolulu, August 1st, 1900. 5612-2199

OLAA ASSESSMENT NOTICES.

The 10th Assessment of 2½ per cent or 50 cents per share on the above company's stock is now delinquent, interest of 1 per cent being charged from July 1st, 1900.

The 11th Assessment of 2½ per cent or 50 cents per share was due July 1st, 1900, and is now paying interest of 1 per cent from August 1st, 1900.

The 12th Assessment of 2½ per cent or 50 cents per share has been levied to become due and payable on the 10th day of August, 1900, delinquent October 10th, 1900.

All of the above are payable at the offices of Alexander & Baldwin, Ltd., Judd Building.

J. P. COOKE,
Treasurer Olaa Sugar Co., Ltd.
Honolulu, August 1st, 1900. 5612-2199

KIHEI ASSESSMENT NOTICES.

The 7th Assessment of 10 per cent or $5.00 per share of the above stock was due on the 1st day of June, 1900. The stock not paid is now delinquent and will shortly be sold according to by-laws of the company.

The 8th Assessment of 5 per cent or $2.50 per share is due today, the 1st of August, 1900, interest will be charged from the 1st day of September and will be delinquent on the 30th day of September, 1900.

The 9th Assessment of 5 per cent or $2.50 is levied to become due on the 1st day of September, 1900, delinquent 31st day of October, 1900, payable at the offices of Alexander & Baldwin, Judd Building.

J. P. COOKE,
Treasurer Kihei Plantation Co.
Honolulu, August 1st, 1900. 5612-2199

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